

XXVII. PRESIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS OPERATIONS OFFICE

A. PRESIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS OPERATIONS OFFICE (PROPER)

For general administration and support, and operations, as indicated hereunder.....P 490,159,000
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New Appropriations, by Program
=====Current Operating Expenditures

	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support	P 115,613,000	P 93,586,000		P 209,199,000
Operations	16,326,000	182,279,000	82,355,000	280,960,000
PRESIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAM	16,326,000	182,279,000	82,355,000	280,960,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 131,939,000	P 275,865,000	P 82,355,000	P 490,159,000

Special Provision(s)

1. **Reporting and Posting Requirements.** The Presidential Communications Operations Office (PCOO) shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a. URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such a time that all agencies have migrated to the BTMS; and
- b. PCOO's website

The PCOO shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

2. **Appropriations for Activities or Project(s).** The amounts appropriated herein shall be used specifically for the following activities or projects in the indicated amounts and conditions:

New Appropriations, by Programs/Activities/Projects
=====Current Operating Expenditures

	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support				
General management and supervision	P 115,613,000	P 93,586,000		P 209,199,000
Sub-total, General Administration and Support	115,613,000	93,586,000		209,199,000

Operations				
Public access, engagement and understanding of Presidential policies and government programs achieved	16,326,000	182,279,000	82,355,000	280,960,000
PRESIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAM	16,326,000	182,279,000	82,355,000	280,960,000
Formulation, coordination and implementation of integrated public information plans and programs	16,326,000	182,279,000	82,355,000	280,960,000
Sub-total, Operations	16,326,000	182,279,000	82,355,000	280,960,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 131,939,000	P 275,865,000	P 82,355,000	P 490,159,000

New Appropriations, by Object of Expenditures

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(In Thousand Pesos)

Current Operating Expenditures

Personnel Services

Civilian Personnel

Permanent Positions

Basic Salary	100,968
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Total Permanent Positions	100,968
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Other Compensation Common to All

Personnel Economic Relief Allowance	3,264
Representation Allowance	2,892
Transportation Allowance	2,892
Clothing and Uniform Allowance	816
Mid-Year Bonus - Civilian	8,414
Year End Bonus	8,414
Cash Gift	680
Productivity Enhancement Incentive	680
Step Increment	252

Total Other Compensation Common to All	28,304
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Other Benefits

PAG-IBIG Contributions	163
PhilHealth Contributions	777
Employees Compensation Insurance Premiums	163
Loyalty Award - Civilian	15

Total Other Benefits	1,118
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Non-Permanent Positions	1,549
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Total Personnel Services	131,939
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Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses

Travelling Expenses	62,332
Training and Scholarship Expenses	16,018
Supplies and Materials Expenses	29,396
Utility Expenses	6,402
Communication Expenses	34,009
Confidential, Intelligence and Extraordinary Expenses	
Extraordinary and Miscellaneous Expenses	2,928
Professional Services	9,920
General Services	8,060
Repairs and Maintenance	9,486
Taxes, Insurance Premiums and Other Fees	818
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	
Advertising Expenses	1,068
Representation Expenses	16,000
Transportation and Delivery Expenses	2,030
Rent/Lease Expenses	12,492
Subscription Expenses	10,089
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	54,817

Total Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	275,865
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Total Current Operating Expenditures	407,804
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Capital Outlays

Property, Plant and Equipment Outlay	
Building and Other Structures	79,400
Machinery and Equipment Outlay	2,955

Total Capital Outlays	82,355
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TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	490,159
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B. BUREAU OF BROADCAST SERVICES

For general administration and support, and operations, as indicated hereunder.....P	384,197,000
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New Appropriations, by Program

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Current Operating Expenditures

	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support	P 42,038,000	P 49,206,000	P	91,244,000
Operations	191,986,000	95,728,000	5,239,000	292,953,000
PUBLIC RADIO BROADCASTING PROGRAM	191,986,000	95,728,000	5,239,000	292,953,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 234,024,000	P 144,934,000	P 5,239,000	384,197,000

Special Provision(s)

1. **Reporting and Posting Requirements.** The Bureau of Broadcast Services (BBS) shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

a. URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such a time that all agencies have migrated to the BTMS; and

b. BBS' website

The BBS shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

2. **Appropriations for Activities or Project(s).** The amounts appropriated herein shall be used specifically for the following activities or projects in the indicated amounts and conditions:

New Appropriations, by Programs/Activities/Projects

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<u>Current Operating Expenditures</u>				
	<u>Personnel Services</u>	<u>Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses</u>	<u>Capital Outlays</u>	<u>Total</u>
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support				
General management and supervision	P 37,333,000	P 49,206,000		P 86,539,000
Administration of Personnel Benefits	4,705,000			4,705,000
Sub-total, General Administration and Support	42,038,000	49,206,000		91,244,000
Operations				
Public access, engagement and understanding of Presidential policies and government programs achieved	191,986,000	95,728,000	5,239,000	292,953,000
PUBLIC RADIO BROADCASTING PROGRAM	191,986,000	95,728,000	5,239,000	292,953,000
Production and transmission of various types of radio programs, including news and other special features	120,872,000	49,641,000		170,513,000
Maintenance and operation of radio stations nationwide	71,114,000	40,767,000	5,239,000	117,120,000
Provision of creative services for the production of radio dramas and other special programs		5,320,000		5,320,000
Sub-total, Operations	191,986,000	95,728,000	5,239,000	292,953,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 234,024,000	P 144,934,000	P 5,239,000	P 384,197,000

New Appropriations, by Object of Expenditures

(In Thousand Pesos)

Current Operating Expenditures

Personnel Services

Civilian Personnel

Permanent Positions

Basic Salary

177,761

Total Permanent Positions

177,761

Other Compensation Common to All

Personnel Economic Relief Allowance

10,704

Representation Allowance

168

Transportation Allowance

168

Clothing and Uniform Allowance

2,676

Mid-Year Bonus - Civilian

14,814

Year End Bonus

14,814

Cash Gift

2,230

Productivity Enhancement Incentive

2,230

Step Increment

445

Total Other Compensation Common to All

48,249

Other Benefits

PAG-IBIG Contributions

535

PhilHealth Contributions

2,239

Employees Compensation Insurance Premiums

535

Terminal Leave

4,705

Total Other Benefits

8,014

Total Personnel Services

234,024

Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses

Travelling Expenses

7,491

Training and Scholarship Expenses

1,000

Supplies and Materials Expenses

9,859

Utility Expenses

32,376

Communication Expenses

14,513

Confidential, Intelligence and Extraordinary Expenses

Extraordinary and Miscellaneous Expenses

118

Professional Services

32,640

General Services

25,923

Repairs and Maintenance

10,150

Taxes, Insurance Premiums and Other Fees

1,730

Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses

Advertising Expenses

70

Printing and Publication Expenses

70

Representation Expenses

2,995

Transportation and Delivery Expenses

320

Rent/Lease Expenses	2,887
Membership Dues and Contribution to Organizations	50
Subscription Expenses	1,282
Donations	50
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	1,410
Total Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	144,934
Total Current Operating Expenditures	378,958
Capital Outlays	
Property, Plant and Equipment Outlay	
Infrastructure Outlay	146
Machinery and Equipment Outlay	5,093
Total Capital Outlays	5,239
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	384,197

C. BUREAU OF COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

For general administration and support, and operations, as indicated hereunder.....P 65,056,000

New Appropriations, by Program

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Current Operating Expenditures

	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support	P 14,238,000	P 12,868,000	P	27,106,000
Operations	24,645,000	9,135,000	4,170,000	37,950,000
GOVERNMENT COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAM	24,645,000	9,135,000	4,170,000	37,950,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 38,883,000	P 22,003,000	P 4,170,000	P 65,056,000

Special Provision(s)

1. Reporting and Posting Requirements. The Bureau of Communications Services (BCS) shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

a. URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such a time that all agencies have migrated to the BTMS; and

b. BCS' website

The BCS shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

2. Appropriations for Activities or Project(s). The amounts appropriated herein shall be used specifically for the following activities or projects in the indicated amounts and conditions:

New Appropriations, by Programs/Activities/Projects
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<u>Current Operating Expenditures</u>				
	<u>Personnel Services</u>	<u>Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses</u>	<u>Capital Outlays</u>	<u>Total</u>
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support				
General management and supervision	P 14,238,000	P 12,868,000		P 27,106,000
Sub-total, General Administration and Support	14,238,000	12,868,000		27,106,000
Operations				
Public access, engagement and understanding of Presidential policies and government programs achieved	24,645,000	9,135,000	4,170,000	37,950,000
GOVERNMENT COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAM	24,645,000	9,135,000	4,170,000	37,950,000
Development and production of special publications and audio-visual information/communication materials	16,300,000	3,398,000	2,270,000	21,968,000
Production and dissemination of print publications	8,345,000	3,734,000	1,900,000	13,979,000
Research, planning and evaluation		2,003,000		2,003,000
Sub-total, Operations	24,645,000	9,135,000	4,170,000	37,950,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 38,883,000	P 22,003,000	P 4,170,000	P 65,056,000

New Appropriations, by Object of Expenditures
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(In Thousand Pesos)

Current Operating Expenditures

Personnel Services

Civilian Personnel

Permanent Positions

Basic Salary

29,728

Total Permanent Positions

29,728

Other Compensation Common to All

Personnel Economic Relief Allowance	1,800
Representation Allowance	288
Transportation Allowance	288
Clothing and Uniform Allowance	450
Mid-Year Bonus - Civilian	2,477
Year End Bonus	2,477
Cash Gift	375
Productivity Enhancement Incentive	375
Step Increment	75

Total Other Compensation Common to All	8,605
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Other Benefits

PAG-IBIG Contributions	90
PhilHealth Contributions	335
Employees Compensation Insurance Premiums	90
Loyalty Award - Civilian	35

Total Other Benefits	550
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Total Personnel Services	38,883
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Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses

Travelling Expenses	149
Training and Scholarship Expenses	832
Supplies and Materials Expenses	2,891
Utility Expenses	2,849
Communication Expenses	1,514
Survey, Research, Exploration and Development Expenses	41
Confidential, Intelligence and Extraordinary Expenses	
Extraordinary and Miscellaneous Expenses	136
Professional Services	140
General Services	652
Repairs and Maintenance	2,843
Taxes, Insurance Premiums and Other Fees	180
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	
Printing and Publication Expenses	2,601
Rent/Lease Expenses	4,587
Subscription Expenses	430
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	2,158

Total Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	22,003
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Total Current Operating Expenditures	60,886
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Capital Outlays

Property, Plant and Equipment Outlay	
Machinery and Equipment Outlay	4,170

Total Capital Outlays	4,170
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TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	65,056
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D. NATIONAL PRINTING OFFICE

For general administration and support, and operations, as indicated hereunder.....P 10,909,000
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New Appropriations, by Program
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Current Operating Expenditures

	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support	P 1,832,000			P 1,832,000
Operations	9,077,000			9,077,000
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NATIONAL PRINTING PROGRAM	9,077,000			9,077,000
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TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 10,909,000			P 10,909,000
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Special Provision(s)

1. **Revolving Fund for the National Printing Office.** The revolving fund constituted from income derived from the production and other printing activities of the National Printing Office (NPO) shall be used to cover its operating requirements consistent with Section 3 of E.O. No. 378 s. 2004. Disbursements shall be made in accordance with budgeting, accounting and auditing rules and regulations.

2. **Appropriations for the National Printing Office.** The amount of Ten Million Nine Hundred Nine Thousand Pesos (P10,909,000) appropriated herein for Personnel Services shall be used exclusively for deficiencies in the payment of regular pay, allowances and benefits of NPO personnel. In no case shall said amount be used for any other purpose.

3. **Reporting and Posting Requirements.** The NPO shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

a. URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such a time that all agencies have migrated to the BTMS; and

b. NPO's website

The NPO shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

4. **Appropriations for Activities or Project(s).** The amounts appropriated herein shall be used specifically for the following activities or projects in the indicated amounts and conditions:

New Appropriations, by Programs/Activities/Projects
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	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support				
General management and supervision	P 1,832,000			P 1,832,000
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Sub-total, General Administration and Support	1,832,000			1,832,000
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Operations		
Responsive and self-sustaining printing operations achieved	9,077,000	9,077,000
NATIONAL PRINTING PROGRAM	9,077,000	9,077,000
Production, planning and control of printing and binding activities	566,000	566,000
Maintenance and repair of printing machines	686,000	686,000
Type setting, monotyping and photolithographic services	2,639,000	2,639,000
Press operation and cutting into standard forms and binding of printed materials	4,667,000	4,667,000
Storing, shipping and trucking of finished products	519,000	519,000
Sub-total, Operations	9,077,000	9,077,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 10,909,000	P 10,909,000

New Appropriations, by Object of Expenditures

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(In Thousand Pesos)

Current Operating Expenditures

Personnel Services

Civilian Personnel

Permanent Positions

Basic Salary	8,206
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Total Permanent Positions	8,206
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Other Compensation Common to All

Personnel Economic Relief Allowance	646
Representation Allowance	34
Transportation Allowance	34
Clothing and Uniform Allowance	162
Mid-Year Bonus - Civilian	684
Year End Bonus	684
Cash Gift	134
Productivity Enhancement Incentive	135
Step Increment	21

Total Other Compensation Common to All	2,534
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Other Benefits	
PAG-IBIG Contributions	32
PhilHealth Contributions	104
Employees Compensation Insurance Premiums	33
Total Other Benefits	169
Total Personnel Services	10,909
Total Current Operating Expenditures	10,909
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	10,909

E. NEWS AND INFORMATION BUREAU

For general administration and support, and operations, as indicated hereunder.....P 125,273,000

New Appropriations, by Program

PROGRAMS	Current Operating Expenditures			
	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
General Administration and Support	P 16,863,000	P 9,444,000	P 1,765,000	P 28,072,000
Operations	68,590,000	28,611,000		97,201,000
GOVERNMENT NEWS INFORMATION AND MEDIA SERVICES PROGRAM	68,590,000	28,611,000		97,201,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 85,453,000	P 38,055,000	P 1,765,000	P 125,273,000

Special Provision(s)

1. Reporting and Posting Requirements. The News and Information Bureau (NIB) shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

a. URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such a time that all agencies have migrated to the BTMS; and

b. NIB's website

The NIB shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

2. Appropriations for Activities or Project(s). The amounts appropriated herein shall be used specifically for the following activities or projects in the indicated amounts and conditions:

New Appropriations, by Programs/Activities/Projects

Current Operating Expenditures

	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
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GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, FY 2021

PROGRAMS

General Administration and Support				
General management and supervision	P	16,333,000	P	9,444,000
Administration of Personnel Benefits		530,000		530,000
Sub-total, General Administration and Support		16,863,000		9,444,000
Operations				
Public access, engagement and understanding of Presidential policies and government programs achieved		68,590,000		28,611,000
GOVERNMENT NEWS INFORMATION AND MEDIA SERVICES PROGRAM		68,590,000		28,611,000
Provision of media coverage of Presidential activities and media relations and accreditation		21,253,000		13,384,000
Provision of daily news and services to both local and foreign public on the activities of the government and the Presidency		47,337,000		15,227,000
Sub-total, Operations		68,590,000		28,611,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P	85,453,000	P	38,055,000
				1,765,000
				125,273,000

New Appropriations, by Object of Expenditures

(In Thousand Pesos)

Current Operating Expenditures

Personnel Services

Civilian Personnel

Permanent Positions

Basic Salary	65,391
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Total Permanent Positions	65,391
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Other Compensation Common to All

Personnel Economic Relief Allowance	3,792
Representation Allowance	210
Transportation Allowance	210
Clothing and Uniform Allowance	948
Mid-Year Bonus - Civilian	5,449
Year End Bonus	5,449
Cash Gift	790
Productivity Enhancement Incentive	790
Step Increment	163

Total Other Compensation Common to All	17,801
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Other Benefits	
PAG-IBIG Contributions	189
PhilHealth Contributions	810
Employees Compensation Insurance Premiums	189
Terminal Leave	530
Total Other Benefits	1,718
Non-Permanent Positions	543
Total Personnel Services	85,453
Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	
Travelling Expenses	7,999
Training and Scholarship Expenses	625
Supplies and Materials Expenses	8,227
Utility Expenses	3,978
Communication Expenses	4,881
Confidential, Intelligence and Extraordinary Expenses	
Extraordinary and Miscellaneous Expenses	118
Professional Services	7,195
General Services	1,113
Repairs and Maintenance	985
Taxes, Insurance Premiums and Other Fees	50
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	
Advertising Expenses	1
Printing and Publication Expenses	425
Transportation and Delivery Expenses	106
Rent/Lease Expenses	1,554
Membership Dues and Contributions to Organizations	6
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	792
Total Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	38,055
Total Current Operating Expenditures	123,508
Capital Outlays	
Property, Plant and Equipment Outlay	
Machinery and Equipment Outlay	1,765
Total Capital Outlays	1,765
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	125,273

F. PHILIPPINE INFORMATION AGENCY

For general administration and support, and operations, as indicated hereunder.....P 300,759,000

New Appropriations, by Program

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Current Operating Expenditures

	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
Personnel Services			

PROGRAMS

General Administration and Support	P	31,590,000	P	34,661,000	P	2,548,000	P	68,799,000
Operations		154,814,000		77,146,000				231,960,000
DEVELOPMENT COMMUNICATION PROGRAM		154,814,000		77,146,000				231,960,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P	186,404,000	P	111,807,000	P	2,548,000	P	300,759,000

Special Provision(s)

1. **Reporting and Posting Requirements.** The Philippine Information Agency (PIA) shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

a. URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such a time that all agencies have migrated to the BTMS; and

b. PIA's website

The PIA shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

2. **Appropriations for Activities or Project(s).** The amounts appropriated herein shall be used specifically for the following activities or projects in the indicated amounts and conditions:

New Appropriations, by Programs/Activities/Projects

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Current Operating Expenditures

		Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
PROGRAMS					
General Administration and Support					
General management and supervision	P	21,455,000	P 31,661,000	P 2,548,000	P 55,664,000
Training of PIA personnel		6,327,000	3,000,000		9,327,000
Administration of Personnel Benefits		3,808,000			3,808,000
Sub-total, General Administration and Support		31,590,000	34,661,000	2,548,000	68,799,000
Operations					
Public access, engagement and understanding of Presidential policies and government programs achieved		154,814,000	77,146,000		231,960,000
DEVELOPMENT COMMUNICATION PROGRAM		154,814,000	77,146,000		231,960,000
Coordination, monitoring and evaluation		7,156,000	1,204,000		8,360,000
Communication research		11,033,000	1,204,000		12,237,000
Production of developmental information		13,321,000	1,326,000		14,647,000
Information systems development and maintenance		5,942,000	1,372,000		7,314,000

Dissemination of developmental information	108,932,000	71,040,000	179,972,000
Institutional networking and capability building	8,430,000	1,000,000	9,430,000
Sub-total, Operations	154,814,000	77,146,000	231,960,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 186,404,000	P 111,807,000	P 2,548,000 P 300,759,000
New Appropriations, by Object of Expenditures			
(In Thousand Pesos)			
Current Operating Expenditures			
Personnel Services			
Civilian Personnel			
Permanent Positions			
Basic Salary			140,305
Total Permanent Positions			140,305
Other Compensation Common to All			
Personnel Economic Relief Allowance			7,824
Representation Allowance			960
Transportation Allowance			960
Clothing and Uniform Allowance			1,956
Mid-Year Bonus - Civilian			11,692
Year End Bonus			11,692
Cash Gift			1,630
Productivity Enhancement Incentive			1,630
Step Increment			350
Total Other Compensation Common to All			38,694
Other Compensation for Specific Groups			
Anniversary Bonus - Civilian			1,005
Other Benefits			1,005
PAG-IBIG Contributions			391
PhilHealth Contributions			1,635
Employees Compensation Insurance Premiums			391
Loyalty Award-Civilian			175
Terminal Leave			3,808
Total Other Benefits			6,400
Total Personnel Services			186,404
Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses			
Travelling Expenses			7,069
Training and Scholarship Expenses			600
Supplies and Materials Expenses			16,055
Utility Expenses			12,703
Communication Expenses			10,709

Confidential, Intelligence and Extraordinary Expenses	
Extraordinary and Miscellaneous Expenses	348
Professional Services	19,141
General Services	15,214
Repairs and Maintenance	2,538
Taxes, Insurance Premiums and Other Fees	1,779
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	
Advertising Expenses	1,520
Printing and Publication Expenses	118
Representation Expenses	13,064
Transportation and Delivery Expenses	10
Rent/Lease Expenses	8,808
Membership Dues and Contributions to Organizations	94
Subscription Expenses	2,037
Total Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	111,807
Total Current Operating Expenditures	298,211
Capital Outlays	
Property, Plant and Equipment Outlay	
Building and Other Structures	2,548
Total Capital Outlays	2,548
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	300,759

G. PRESIDENTIAL BROADCAST STAFF (RTVM)

For general administration and support, and operations, as indicated hereunder.....P 173,142,000

New Appropriations, by Program

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Current Operating Expenditures

	Personnel Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Capital Outlays	Total
PROGRAMS				
General Administration and Support	P 17,507,000	P 13,442,000	P	P 30,949,000
Operations	47,502,000	81,539,000	13,152,000	142,193,000
PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTATION AND BROADCAST MANAGEMENT PROGRAM	47,502,000	81,539,000	13,152,000	142,193,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	P 65,009,000	P 94,981,000	P 13,152,000	P 173,142,000

Special Provision(s)

1. Reporting and Posting Requirements. The Presidential Broadcast Staff (RTVM) shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a. URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such a time that all agencies have migrated to the BTMS; and
- b. PBS RTVM's website

The PBS-(RTVM) shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

2. Appropriations for Activities or Project(s). The amounts appropriated herein shall be used specifically for the following activities or projects in the indicated amounts and conditions:

New Appropriations, by Programs/Activities/Projects

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		<u>Current Operating Expenditures</u>			
		<u>Personnel Services</u>	<u>Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses</u>	<u>Capital Outlays</u>	<u>Total</u>
PROGRAMS					
General Administration and Support					
General management and supervision		P 13,682,000	P 13,442,000		P 27,124,000
Administration of Personnel Benefits		3,825,000			3,825,000
Sub-total, General Administration and Support		17,507,000	13,442,000		30,949,000
Operations					
Public access, engagement and understanding of Presidential policies and government programs achieved		47,502,000	81,539,000	13,152,000	142,193,000
PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTATION AND BROADCAST MANAGEMENT PROGRAM		47,502,000	81,539,000	13,152,000	142,193,000
Provision of audio/video coverage of Presidential events and the Executives for documentation and broadcast dissemination; and production of developmental communication programs for public information		47,502,000	81,539,000	13,152,000	142,193,000
Sub-total, Operations		47,502,000	81,539,000	13,152,000	142,193,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS		P 65,009,000	P 94,981,000	P 13,152,000	P 173,142,000

New Appropriations, by Object of Expenditures

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(In Thousand Pesos)

Current Operating Expenditures

Personnel Services

Civilian Personnel

Permanent Positions

Basic Salary

47,041

Total Permanent Positions

47,041

Other Compensation Common to All	
Personnel Economic Relief Allowance	2,808
Representation Allowance	288
Transportation Allowance	288
Clothing and Uniform Allowance	702
Mid-Year Bonus - Civilian	3,921
Year End Bonus	3,921
Cash Gift	585
Productivity Enhancement Incentive	585
Step Increment	118

Total Other Compensation Common to All	13,216
Other Benefits	
PAG-IBIG Contributions	140
PhilHealth Contributions	557
Employees Compensation Insurance Premiums	140
Loyalty Award - Civilian	90
Terminal Leave	3,825

Total Other Benefits	4,752

Total Personnel Services	65,009
Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	
Travelling Expenses	46,400
Training and Scholarship Expenses	900
Supplies and Materials Expenses	10,514
Utility Expenses	1,078
Communication Expenses	8,520
Confidential, Intelligence and Extraordinary Expenses	
Extraordinary and Miscellaneous Expenses	136
Professional Services	8,500
General Services	2,000
Repairs and Maintenance	8,003
Taxes, Insurance Premiums and Other Fees	5,138
Other Maintenance and Operating Expenses	
Printing and Publication Expenses	360
Representation Expenses	300
Rent/Lease Expenses	2,488
Subscription Expenses	644

Total Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	94,981

Total Current Operating Expenditures	159,990
Capital Outlays	
Property, Plant and Equipment Outlay	
Machinery and Equipment Outlay	13,152

Total Capital Outlays	13,152

TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS	173,142
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GENERAL SUMMARY

PRESIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS OPERATIONS OFFICE

Current Operating Expenditures

	<u>Personnel Services</u>	<u>Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses</u>	<u>Capital Outlays</u>	<u>Total</u>
A. PRESIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS OPERATIONS OFFICE (PROPER)	P 131,939,000	P 275,865,000	P 82,355,000	P 490,159,000
B. BUREAU OF BROADCAST SERVICES	234,024,000	144,934,000	5,239,000	384,197,000
C. BUREAU OF COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	38,883,000	22,003,000	4,170,000	65,056,000
D. NATIONAL PRINTING OFFICE	10,909,000			10,909,000
E. NEWS AND INFORMATION BUREAU	85,453,000	38,055,000	1,765,000	125,273,000
F. PHILIPPINE INFORMATION AGENCY	186,404,000	111,807,000	2,548,000	300,759,000
G. PRESIDENTIAL BROADCAST STAFF (RTVM)	65,009,000	94,981,000	13,152,000	173,142,000
TOTAL NEW APPROPRIATIONS, PRESIDENTIAL COMMUNICATIONS OPERATIONS OFFICE	P 752,621,000	P 687,645,000	P 109,229,000	P 1,549,495,000

**GENERAL PROVISIONS
FISCAL YEAR 2021**

General Provisions

Sec. 2. FY 2021 Budget with Unified Accounts Code Structure. All items of appropriations in this Act shall be given account codes by the DBM pursuant to the Unified Accounts Code Structure. This account code shall be used in the release of the appropriations in this Act for a unified accounting, auditing, and reporting of all the financial transactions of the government.

Sec. 3. The General Appropriations Act as the Allotment Order. The General Appropriations Act (GAA), upon its effectivity, shall be considered the allotment authorizing agencies to obligate in accordance with its provisions, except for the following:

- (a) Appropriations that by virtue of law, general or special provisions, and rules and regulations have conditions or requirements before release;
- (b) Lump-sum appropriations in the agency budget and special purpose funds that have no details necessary for release; and
- (c) Those requiring a Special Budget under the general and special provisions in this Act.

In the case of automatic appropriations, the allotment shall be issued by the DBM upon compliance with the conditions provided by law.

The DBM shall ensure that only items that strictly fall under the above-mentioned enumeration shall not be covered by the GAA as the allotment order.

The DBM shall identify, in consultation with the concerned agencies, the items of appropriations in the GAA which are not covered by the GAA as the allotment order and submit a copy thereof to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance.

This provision shall be interpreted in favor of Congress' power to authorize the release of funds from the public Treasury in pursuance of an appropriations made by law. (CONDITIONAL IMPLEMENTATION - President's Veto Message, December 28, 2020, Volume I-B, page 852-853, R.A. No. 11518)

RECEIPTS AND INCOME

Sec. 4. Receipts or Revenues Collected by Agencies. As a general rule, all fees, charges, assessments, and other receipts or revenues collected by departments, bureaus and offices of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy in the exercise of their mandated functions, at such rates as are now or may be approved by the appropriate approving authority shall be deposited to the National Treasury as income of the General Fund pursuant to Section 44, Chapter 5, Book VI of E.O. No. 292, s. 1987 and Section 65 of P.D. No. 1445.

Exceptions to the foregoing are:

- (a) Receipts authorized by law to be recorded as a Special Account in the General Fund, Trust Fund, or a fund other than the General Fund which shall be established in accordance with rules and regulations as may be issued by the Permanent Committee (the "Permanent Committee") created under Section 45, Chapter 5, Book VI of E.O. No. 292. The said special funds may be made available for expenditure, subject to any special provision of the agencies concerned; and
- (b) Other instances authorized by law.

Disbursements or expenditures by agencies from use or retention of income absent the above legal authority or from income deposited outside of the National Treasury without legal basis shall be void and shall subject the erring officials and employees to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5, and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing laws.

All agencies shall ensure that fees, charges and assessments collected cover the costs of services delivered to the public. They may be allowed to raise their fees and charges in accordance with A.O. No. 31, s. 2012, DOF-DBM-NEDA J.C. No. 1-2013 dated January 30, 2013 and such other guidelines issued by the agencies concerned. The schedule of fees, charges and assessments collectible by any government agency, as well as any updates thereon, shall be posted on their respective websites and in big bold characters in a conspicuous place within the agency, including its regional, provincial, field or extension offices.

Sec. 5. Donations. Departments, bureaus, and offices of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs may accept donations, contributions, grants, bequests or gifts, in cash or in kind, from various sources, domestic or foreign, for purposes relevant to their functions. National Government Agencies may accept donations in cash or in kind, from domestic or

foreign sources, for purposes relevant to their functions. In the case of grants, in cash or in kind, from governments of foreign countries, their agencies and instrumentalities or multilateral institutions or organizations, acceptance thereof shall be subject to the prior clearance and approval by the President or his authorized representative based on the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance. On the other hand, other donations, in cash or in kind, from foreign governments shall require prior clearance and approval by the President or his authorized representative based on the recommendation of the Secretary of Foreign Affairs.

Receipts from donations, whether in cash or in kind, shall be accounted for in the books of the donee-government agency in accordance with accounting and auditing rules and regulations. The receipts from cash donations and proceeds from sale of donated commodities shall be deposited with the National Treasury and recorded as a Special Account in the General Fund and shall be available to the implementing agency concerned through a Special Budget pursuant to Section 35, Chapter 5, Book VI of E.O. No. 292.

The cash value of the donations shall be deemed automatically appropriated for the purpose specified by the donor. Donations with a term not exceeding one (1) year shall be treated as trust receipts in accordance with Section 6 hereof.

Disbursements or expenditures by agencies in violation of the above requirements shall be void and shall subject the erring officials and employees to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing penal laws.

The donee-agency concerned shall submit its quarterly reports of all donations received, whether in cash or in kind, and expenditures or disbursements thereon, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- b) Agency's website.

The donee-agency concerned shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, COA, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 6. Trust Receipts. The following shall be deposited with the National Treasury and recorded as trust receipts in accordance with E.O. No. 338, s. 1996, as implemented by COA-DBM-DOF J.C. No. 1-97 dated January 2, 1997, and such other guidelines issued thereon:

- (a) Receipts collected or received by departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs: (i) from non-tax sources, such as insurance proceeds, acting as trustee, agent or administrator; (ii) as a guaranty for the fulfillment of an obligation; or (iii) from donations authorized by law or contract with a term not exceeding one (1) year; and
- (b) Those classified by law or regulations as trust receipts.

Trust receipts shall be disbursed in accordance with the purpose for which it is created, subject to the applicable special provisions and accounting and auditing rules and regulations.

Disbursements or expenditures by agencies in violation of the above requirements shall be void and shall subject the erring officials and employees to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing penal laws.

The agency concerned shall submit its quarterly reports of all trust receipts collected or received, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- b) Agency's website.

The agency concerned shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, COA, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 7. Performance Bonds and Deposits. Performance bonds and deposits filed or posted by private persons or entities with departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs shall be deposited with the National Treasury and recorded as trust receipts in accordance with E.O. No. 338, as implemented by COA-DBM-DOF J.C. No. 1-97, and such other guidelines issued thereon.

Upon faithful performance of the undertaking or termination of the obligation for which the bond or deposit was required, any amount due shall be returned by the agency concerned to the filing party, withdrawable in accordance with accounting and auditing rules and regulations.

Disbursements or expenditures by agencies in violation of the above requirements shall be void and shall subject the erring officials and employees to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing penal laws.

The agency concerned shall submit its quarterly reports of all trust receipts collected or received, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- b) Agency's website.

The agency concerned shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, COA, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 8. Receipts from Public-Private Partnership Projects. Receipts collected or received by departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy, SUCs and GOCCs, such as toll fees, charges and other revenues arising from public sector projects implemented through build-operate-and-transfer arrangement and other variants pursuant to R.A. No. 6957, as amended by R.A. No. 7718, intended for the private proponent, shall be deposited in an authorized government depository bank. Said receipts shall be booked as trust liability account of the agency concerned, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4 hereof, subject to the guidelines to be issued by the Permanent Committee.

The National Government share from receipts arising from Public-Private Partnership (PPP) projects, if any, including interests earned thereon, shall be deposited with the National Treasury as income of the General Fund pursuant to Section 44, Chapter 5, Book VI of E.O. No. 292.

Disbursements or expenditures by agencies in violation of the above requirements shall be void and shall subject the erring officials and employees to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing penal laws.

The agency concerned shall submit its quarterly reports of all trust receipts collected or received, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- b) Agency's website.

The agency concerned shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, COA, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 9. Revolving Funds. Revolving funds shall be established and maintained only if expressly created and authorized by law or this Section.

Receipts derived from the following may be constituted into a revolving fund and made available for the purposes stated:

- (a) Rentals for the use of buildings and facilities or from fees imposed for board and lodging, by agencies to be used for the MOOE or Capital Outlay requirements of said buildings and facilities, subject to any guidelines issued by the agency concerned and to budgeting, accounting and auditing rules and regulations; and

- (b) Other business-type activities of agencies, including sale of products, which are authorized by law or by the Permanent Committee to be utilized for the operational expenses of said business-type activity, subject to any conditions prescribed under the special provision of the agency concerned and the rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Permanent Committee.

Revolving funds shall be separately recorded and deposited in an authorized government depository bank, and considered self-perpetuating and self-liquidating. All eligible obligations or expenditures incurred for the operations of the foregoing activities shall be charged against the revolving fund. In no case shall said fund be used for the payment of discretionary and representation expenses.

Disbursements or expenditures by agencies in violation of the above requirement shall be void and shall subject the erring officials and employees to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing penal laws.

The agency concerned shall submit its quarterly reports on income and expenditure, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- b) Agency's website.

The agency concerned shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, COA, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 10. Reversion, Closure, and Transfer of Balances of Special Accounts, Fiduciary or Trust Funds, Revolving Funds, and Unauthorized Accounts. Departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs are mandated to close and revert all balances of Special Accounts, Fiduciary or Trust Funds, and Revolving Funds to the General Fund in any of the following instances: (i) when there is no legal basis for its creation; (ii) when their terms have expired; or (iii) when they are no longer necessary for the attainment of the purposes for which said funds were established.

In case an agency fails or refuses to implement such closure, reversion or transfer, the Permanent Committee may recommend for approval of the President the closure, reversion or transfer of Special Accounts, Fiduciary or Trust Funds, Revolving Funds and Unauthorized Accounts, as the case may be, on any applicable grounds, to wit: (i) in the cases above-mentioned; (ii) when used in violation of the rules and regulations issued by the Permanent Committee; (iii) when they have remained dormant for an unreasonable length of time; or (iv) when needed by the General Fund in times of emergency.

Said agencies shall likewise transfer to the National Treasury all balances of unauthorized accounts with any banking institution. Unauthorized Accounts shall refer to cash account balances maintained by agencies without legal basis or those while legally authorized are maintained outside of the National Treasury in violation of law.

Implementation of this Section shall be subject to Permanent Committee J.C. No. 4-2012 dated September 11, 2012 and such other guidelines issued by the agencies concerned.

Sec. 11. Transparency on Public Funds. Consistent with the State policy on full public disclosure of government transactions, the BTr shall post on its official website information relating to all Special Accounts and Funds deposited with the National Treasury, which shall include, but not limited to the following: (i) agency under whose name the account or fund was constituted or created; (ii) funding source/s of the account or fund; (iii) legal basis for the creation of the account or fund; (iv) allowable uses/purposes of the account or fund; (v) monthly balances of each account or fund; and (vi) such other pertinent information as may be reasonably required to be posted on the BTr website.

In like manner, departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy, SUCs, and GOCCs shall post on their respective official websites information relating to public funds deposited, maintained, and invested by them with any banking or financial institution which shall include, but not limited to the following: (i) name of the banking or financial institution/s where public funds are deposited, maintained or invested; (ii) specific income or fund sources; (iii) legal basis for depositing, maintaining or investing said income/fund source/s with the bank/s or financial institution/s; (iv) allowable uses/purposes of the income or fund; (v) monthly balances of each account or fund; and (vi) such other pertinent information as may be reasonably required to be posted by the agency concerned on its website.

The head of the agency concerned and the agency's web administrator or his/her equivalent shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with the foregoing requirements.

Sec. 12. Conduct of Seminar, Conference, Training, and Oath Taking Programs. Departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy which conduct seminar, conference, training, and oath taking programs in relation to their mandated functions are authorized to collect fees from government and private agency participants for said activities. The proceeds derived from each seminar, conference, training, and oath taking activities shall be deposited with the National Treasury as income of the General Fund pursuant to Section 44, Chapter 5, Book VI of E.O. No. 292.

However, the agencies which do not have appropriations in their budgets for the purpose may use the proceeds for the conduct of the said seminar, conference, training, and oath taking activities subject to budgeting, accounting and auditing rules and regulations. Any excess proceeds shall be deposited with the National Treasury as income of the General Fund.

The agency concerned shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- b) Agency's website.

The agency concerned shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 13. Sale of Official Publications. Departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy are authorized to sell their official publications whether electronically or through other means.

The proceeds derived from such sale shall be deposited with the National Treasury as income of the General Fund pursuant to Section 44, Chapter 5, Book VI of E.O. No. 292. However, the agencies which do not have appropriations in their budgets for the purpose may use said proceeds to defray the cost of preparing, printing and disseminating such official publications, subject to budgeting, accounting and auditing rules and regulations. Any excess proceeds shall be deposited with the National Treasury as income of the General Fund.

The agency concerned shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- b) Agency's website.

The agency concerned shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 14. Sale of Non-Serviceable, Obsolete or Unnecessary Equipment. Departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy are hereby authorized to sell non-serviceable, obsolete, or unnecessary equipment, including motor vehicles in accordance with Section 79 of P.D. No. 1445, E.O. No. 309, s. 1996 and such other guidelines issued thereon. The proceeds from the sale of such equipment shall be deposited with the National Treasury as income of the General Fund pursuant to Section 44, Chapter 5, Book VI of E.O. No. 292.

The agency concerned shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of every quarter, through the following:

- a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- b) Agency's website.

The agency concerned shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 15. National Internal Revenue Taxes and Import Duties. The amounts pertaining to the following taxes and duties shall be considered as both revenue and expenditure of the government, and are deemed automatically appropriated:

- (a) National internal revenue taxes and import duties payable or assumed by departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs to the Government arising from foreign donations, grants and loans;
- (b) Non-cash tax transactions of the following government agencies: (i) the BTr for documentary stamp taxes on the issuance of foreign and domestic securities, and foreign currency acquisition for payment of debt service; (ii) DND and PNP on importations of military hardware, software, munitions, arms and equipment; (iii) Bureau of Fire Protection on importations of fire-fighting equipment, rescue equipment, and personal protective gears; (iv) the DOTr for the Metro Rail Transit Line 3 System incurred starting FY 1997 in accordance with the provisions of the Build-Lease-Transfer Agreement executed thereon; (v) Philippine Coast Guard and National Coast Watch Center of the Office of the President of the Philippines on importation, grants, and donations of hardware, software, munitions, arms, and equipment for maritime security and law enforcement, marine environmental protection; maritime safety; maritime communications; maritime domain awareness and search and rescue; (vi) special hospitals, specialty hospitals, DOH-retained hospitals and SUCs hospitals on importation of health equipment; and (vii) other tax obligations assumed by the National Government pursuant to a valid PPP agreement; and
- (c) Tax expenditure subsidies approved by the Fiscal Incentives Review Board, including the AFP Commissary and Exchange Service, the PNP Service Store System, and the Procurement Service Exchange Marts or PX Marts, in accordance with P.D. No. 776, as amended by E.O. No. 93, s. 1986, and such other guidelines issued thereon.

Implementation of this Section shall be subject to the guidelines issued by the DOF and DBM, and such other guidelines issued by the agencies concerned. (CONDITIONAL IMPLEMENTATION - President's Veto Message, December 28, 2020, Volume I-B, page 851, R.A. No. 11518)

Sec. 16. Loan Agreements. Departments, bureaus, offices and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy, SUCs and GOCCs, except those engaged in banking, shall in no case enter into foreign or domestic loan agreements, whether in cash or in kind, unless the following conditions, as may be applicable are complied with:

- (a) Prior approval of the President of the Philippines;
- (b) Concurrence of the Monetary Board;
- (c) Conditions provided by pertinent laws; and
- (d) Issuance of Forward Obligational Authority (FOA) by the DBM for project loans or issuance of a DRCC resolution covering the full amount in the case of program loans, and an equivalent document for those undertaken by GOCCs. In the issuance of a FOA, the DBM shall consider the budgetary implications of foreign-assisted projects.

The Monetary Board shall, within thirty (30) days from the end of every quarter, submit to the Congress a report of its decisions on applications for loans to be contracted or guaranteed by the government or GOCCs which have the effect of increasing the foreign debt.

EXPENDITURE

Sec. 17. Use of Government Funds. Government funds shall be utilized in accordance with the appropriations authorized for the purpose and comply with applicable laws, rules and regulations, such as, but not limited to the following:

- (a) Purchase of goods, infrastructure projects, and consulting services, including common-use supplies, shall be made in accordance with the provisions of R.A. No. 9184, its IRR and GPPB guidelines;
- (b) Purchase of motor vehicles shall be made pursuant to A.O. No. 14, s. 2018, GPPB Resolution No. 20-2019 dated September 5, 2019, Budget Circular (BC) No. 2019-3 dated May 16, 2019, B.C. No. 2019-2 dated March 4, 2019, B.C. No. 2017-1 dated April 26, 2017, Office of the President M.C. No. 9 dated December 14, 2010, and B.C. No. 2010-2 dated March 1, 2010, and such other pertinent guidelines issued by agencies concerned;
- (c) Payment of foreign travel expenses of any government official and employee for training, seminar or conference abroad when the foreign mission cannot effectively represent our country or travels necessitated by authorized international commitments, in accordance with E.O. No. 77, s. 2019, and such other issuances as may be issued thereon: PROVIDED, That no official or employee may be sent to foreign training when they are due to retire within one (1) year after the said foreign travel; and
- (d) Provisions for fuel, parts, repair and maintenance of government vehicles. In case of transport crisis, such as that occasioned by street demonstrations, melgang bayan, floods, typhoons and other emergencies, government vehicles of any type may be made available to meet the emergency and may be utilized to transport, for free, commuters on a round-the-clock basis.

Sec. 18. Strict Adherence to Procurement Laws, Rules and Regulations. All agencies of the government shall strictly adhere to the provisions of R.A. No. 9184, its IRR and GPPB guidelines in the procurement of goods, infrastructure projects and consulting services. In the procurement of goods and infrastructure projects, the government or any of its instrumentalities shall give preference to materials and supplies made and manufactured in the Philippines.

To this end, the DTI, DA, DOE, DPWH, DOTR, DOT, DOLE and other relevant government agencies shall promulgate the rules and regulations in order to implement the measure: PROVIDED, That this preference shall be guaranteed in all levels of the procurement process subject to the guidelines to be issued by the GPPB: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That the preference shall apply to all articles, materials, or supplies of the growth, production, or manufacture, as the case may be, including raw materials, ingredients and fixtures to be actually, directly and specifically utilized on the government project, as well as services to be performed: PROVIDED, FURTHERMORE, That strict monitoring and enforcement shall be undertaken in order to ensure compliance: PROVIDED, FINALLY, That the preference shall be compliant with existing procurement laws and rules.

To promote transparency and achieve efficiency in the procurement process, the Philippine Government Electronic Procurement System shall be the primary source and repository of information on government procurement. (CONDITIONAL IMPLEMENTATION - President's Veto Message, December 28, 2020, Volume I-B, page 848, R.A. No. 11518)

Sec. 19. Early Procurement Activities. Notwithstanding the mandatory procurement timelines under R.A. No. 9184 and its IRR, agencies are authorized to undertake early procurement activities as soon as the proposed national budget is submitted to Congress. However, agencies may only proceed with the issuance of notice of award of contract upon approval or enactment of their respective appropriations and issuance of budget authorization document and based on the amount authorized therein.

For foreign-assisted projects, agencies may undertake early procurement activities subject to the guidelines issued by the GPPB.

Sec. 20. Procurement of Common-Use Supplies. All national government agencies shall purchase its common-use supplies requirements from the Procurement Service (PS) as mandated under L.O.I. No. 755 dated October 18, 1978, E.O. No. 359, s. 1989, A.O. No. 17, s. 2011 and such other guidelines issued thereon. Notwithstanding any provision of law, rule or regulation to the contrary, the LGU may opt to procure from the PS-DBM.

Common-Use Supplies shall refer to those included in the Electronic Catalogue of the PS and those which shall be regularly updated to include all items commonly procured by agencies of the government.

Sec. 21. Procurement of Critical Supplies. All agencies of the government shall ensure the timely and sufficient provision of critical supplies, particularly those which by its nature, use or characteristic, the quantity or exact time of need cannot be accurately pre-determined. Critical supplies shall refer to those vital to the support of operations, which owing to various causes are in short supply or are expected to be in short supply. This includes fuel, equipment spare parts, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) items, COVID-19 response items, and other analogous items.

For this purpose, said agencies shall resort to available modalities in the procurement of critical supplies, subject to the provisions of R.A. No. 9184, its IRR such as those stated in Sections 50, 52 and 53. The inventory thereof shall be subject to the provisions of Section 26 of this Act. (CONDITIONAL IMPLEMENTATION - President's Veto Message, December 28, 2020, Volume I-B, page 848, R.A. No. 11518)

Sec. 22. Procurement of Agri-Fishery Products. In order to ensure the availability of food for all sectors and to increase the income of our farmers and fisherfolk, the government, as procuring entity, shall directly purchase available agricultural and fisheries products from local farmers, fisherfolk, or their associations or cooperatives, pursuant to R. A. No. 11321 or the "Sagip Saka Act" and consistent with R. A. No. 11494 or the "Bayanihan to Recover as One Act": PROVIDED, That direct purchases of agri-fishery products shall be compliant with Section 11 of the Sagip Saka Act and existing procurement laws and rules.

To this end, the DA, DSWD, DepEd, DOH, DILG, LGUs, and other relevant government agencies shall implement this as a policy in their feeding programs, relief operations, rice subsidy, and other programs.

Sec. 23. Printing Expenditures. All agencies of the government shall engage the services of the National Printing Office, BSP, and APO Production Unit as recognized government printers (RGPs) for the printing of accountable forms and sensitive, high quality or high volume requirements, subject to the following:

- (a) The RGPs shall undertake the printing requirements themselves and shall not sub-contract any portion thereof to other printers; and
- (b) An agency may be allowed to engage private printers for the printing of accountable forms and sensitive, high quality or high volume requirements upon certification by the RGPs that they are unable to service the said requirements. Said engagement of private printers shall be in accordance with R.A. No. 9184, its IRR, and GPPB guidelines.

Sec. 24. Use and Procurement of Information Technology Equipment. The amounts authorized in this Act for Information and Communications Technology (ICT) equipment shall be used for the provision of personal computers inclusive of operating systems, basic software and other essential electronic devices to their respective officials and employees. Said ICT equipment shall be procured exclusively from the PS as common-use supplies, pursuant to L.O.I. No. 755, E.O. No. 359 and A.O. No. 17.

Sec. 25. Compliance with the Information Systems Strategic Plan. The amounts authorized in this Act for ICT requirements shall be used in accordance with the agency's Information Systems Strategic Plan duly endorsed by the DICT.

Sec. 26. Inventory of Supplies, Materials and Equipment Spare Parts. The inventory of supplies, materials and equipment spare parts to be procured shall not exceed the agency's two-month requirement.

The head of agencies may increase their inventory of critical supplies, materials and equipment spare parts to be procured in any of the following instances: (i) in anticipation of cost increases; (ii) necessitated by a national emergency; (iii) when there is an impending shortage; and (iv) when otherwise authorized in this Act or in the charter of the agency concerned. The purchase of stocks exceeding an agency's one-year requirement shall be subject to approval by the President of the Philippines, upon the joint recommendation of the Chairperson of the COA and the agency head concerned.

Agencies may undertake emergency procurement of supplies, materials and equipment spare parts when there is an unforeseen contingency requiring immediate purchase subject to the conditions prescribed under R.A. No. 9184, its IRR and GPPB guidelines.

Sec. 27. Implementation of Infrastructure Projects. The following requirements shall be observed in the implementation of infrastructure projects:

- (a) The location, areas or sites of all infrastructure projects are not included in the critical geo-hazard areas or no build zones identified or certified by the Mines and Geo-Sciences Bureau;
- (b) The standards of construction, rehabilitation, improvement or repair of all infrastructure projects in all areas and zones are consistent with the rules determined by the DPMH, which shall consider, among others, the structural strength and climate and disaster resilience required for infrastructure projects in all areas and zones. The DPMH and other government agencies shall consider climate risk information and green building standards in the planning, siting, design, engineering, construction and renovation of government buildings and facilities, including schools and hospitals;
- (c) The planning and construction of all infrastructure projects to be implemented within the National Integrated Protected Area System (NIPAS) are done in a way that eliminates or minimizes the risk of biodiversity loss while the specifications thereon are in accordance with those determined by the DPMH, in coordination with the DENR. Major infrastructure projects may only be undertaken in said areas if intended to enhance biodiversity;
- (d) Ecosystem functions and services such as, but not limited to, drainage, aquifer recharge, heat island effect, analysis of population dynamics which would engender the requirements of solid waste and wastewater management, and the need for softscape and vegetative cover shall be taken into consideration in all public infrastructure projects. These considerations shall be incorporated into the project Environmental Impact Assessments (EIAs) and commitments to protect these services shall be included in the project contracts;
- (e) A certificate of non-coverage or an Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) is required prior to the commencement of government infrastructure projects covered by the Philippine Environmental Impact Statement System; and
- (f) In the analysis of projects, the National Economic Development Authority (NEDA) must take into account natural accounting and ecosystem services values over time and provide this information to the NEDA Board in its decision-making process.

Sec. 28. Installation of Rainwater Collection System. Rainwater collection system (RWCS) shall be installed in public markets, school sites and government buildings and sites as an adaptation measure to combat climate change and to ensure sufficient water supply, which shall be in accordance with the prescribed design of DPMH. In no case shall the RWCS be constructed in private lots or privately-owned or operated market places.

Sec. 29. Certification of Availability of Funds. No obligations chargeable against any authorized allotment shall be incurred by departments, bureaus, and offices of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy, SUCs, GOCCs and LGUs, without first securing a certification of availability of funds (CAF) for the purpose from the agency chief accountant, subject to Section 40, Chapter 5 and Section 58, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292. The CAF sufficient to cover the cost of the contracted activities shall be contained in, and made part of, the contract duly signed by the chief accountant of the contracting agency.

For multi-year projects, the CAF shall be issued annually based on the budget for the year. In case of multi-year projects with no funding requirement on any given year, instead of the CAF, the Chief Accountant shall issue a certification that no fund is needed for the year, as indicated in the approved multi-year contractual authority (MYCA).

Sec. 30. **Multi-Year Contracts.** The issuance of a MYCA or any similar document shall be required before agencies may enter into multi-year contracts, subject to the requirements and guidelines prescribed by the DBM: PROVIDED, That for foreign-assisted projects funded by foreign loans, the issuance of a MYCA shall no longer be necessary.

In the procurement of multi-year projects, the MYCA or any similar document shall be required prior to commencement of any procurement activity.

In the case of GOCCs, they shall secure prior authority from their respective governing boards before entering into multi-year contracts.

For LGUs, they shall secure any equivalent document issued by their respective sanggunian authorizing them to enter into multi-year contracts.

For the multi-year PPP projects with government undertakings authorized under R.A. No. 6957, as amended by R.A. No. 7718, the same shall be covered by a letter of commitment issued in accordance with the guidelines issued by the DBM.

In the case of recurring procurement projects such as, but not limited to, janitorial and security services, supply of drinking water, telecommunications requirements, rental of office and equipment, and lease-purchase agreements, government agencies may either secure a MYCA or an equivalent authority, or renew the ongoing contract to not more than one (1) year subject to assessment or evaluation of the contractor's performance. In no case shall the total contract renewals exceed two (2) years.

The implementing agency shall ensure that the annual funding requirements for the multi-year projects shall be included in its budget proposals for the covered years, consistent with the funding schedule in the MYCA and equivalent authorities, and letter of commitment. In the case of NGAs and qualified GOCCs, the DBM shall ensure that the funding requirement for the multi-year projects are included in the National Expenditure Program to be submitted to Congress who shall give due consideration of the said proposal. In the case of GOCCs and LGUs, due consideration shall be given by the governing board of GOCCs and the sanggunian of the LGUs, respectively.

In all instances, the disbursements to be incurred for multi-year contracts shall in no case exceed the cash appropriations for the purpose during the year. Procurement of multi-year projects shall be subject to the provisions of R.A. No. 9184 and its IRR and GPPB guidelines.

Sec. 31. **Harmonized National Research and Development Agenda.** All government agencies shall align their research and development agenda programs under the Harmonized National Research and Development Agenda for funding amounting to Ten Million Pesos (P10,000,000) and above.

The DOST, in coordination with government research institutions and other agencies, shall facilitate dissemination of all output programs and projects under the Harmonized National Research and Development Agenda to appropriate government agencies, local government units, academe, industry and communities, whenever applicable.

A copy of the progress report shall also be submitted to the DBM, the Office of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance, either in printed form or by way of electronic document.

Sec. 32. **Programs and Projects Related to Gender and Development.** All agencies of the government shall formulate a Gender and Development (GAD) Plan designed to address gender issues within their concerned sectors or mandate and implement the applicable provisions under R.A. No. 9710 or the Magna Carta of Women, Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women, the Beijing Platform for Action, the Philippine Plan for Gender-Responsive Development (1995-2025) and the Philippine Development Plan (2017-2022).

The GAD Plan shall be integrated in the regular activities of the agencies, which shall be at least five percent (5%) of their budgets. For this purpose, activities currently being undertaken by agencies which relate to GAD or those that contribute to poverty alleviation, economic empowerment especially of marginalized women, protection, promotion, and fulfilment of women's human rights, and practice of gender-responsive governance are considered sufficient compliance with said requirement. Utilization of GAD budget shall be evaluated based on the GAD performance indicators identified by said agencies.

The preparations and submission of the annual GAD Plan and annual GAD Accomplishment Report shall be subject to the guidelines issued by the agencies concerned.

Sec. 33. Programs and Projects Related to Senior Citizens and Persons with Disability. Pursuant to existing laws, all agencies of the government shall formulate plans, programs, and projects intended to address the concerns of senior citizens and persons with disability, insofar as it relates to their mandated functions, and integrate the same in their regular activities.

Moreover, all government infrastructures and facilities shall provide architectural or structural features, designs or facilities that will reasonably enhance the mobility, safety and welfare of persons with disability pursuant to Batas Pambansa Big. 344 and R.A. No. 7277, as amended.

Sec. 34. Projects Related to the Youth. All agencies of the government are encouraged to provide allocations for youth development projects and activities within the framework of the Philippine Youth Development Plan (2017-2022).

Sec. 35. Institutional Linkage with the National Cultural Agencies. In the implementation of their activities or projects authorized in this Act, agencies identified under Section 32 of R.A. No. 10066 shall consult, coordinate and work closely with the National Commission for Culture and the Arts (NCCA) to ensure that their respective responsibilities embodied under the said law are implemented.

Sec. 36. Protection of Built Heritage, Cultural Properties and Cultural Landscapes. Alteration, renovation or demolition of government buildings and open spaces declared or presumed to be important cultural properties by government cultural agencies concerned, including but not limited to, provincial capitol buildings, city halls, municipal halls, monuments, fountains, parks and plazas, schools, State Colleges and Universities, fortifications, lighthouses, bridges, public hospitals, train stations, museums, public libraries, stadiums, prisons and government offices, shall be undertaken only upon prior approval of the said government cultural agencies and proper consultation with stakeholders and cultural groups to be administered by the NCCA. This includes the protection of the sight line with regard to built heritage, cultural properties and cultural landscapes.

In addition, the DPWH shall be responsible in the planning, design, construction, and maintenance of national roads and bridges as they impact on heritage structures or aspects or heritage conservation pursuant to R.A. No. 10066.

Sec. 37. Disaster Risk Reduction and Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation Measures Incorporated in All Agencies Projects. All agencies of the government should implement projects incorporating risk reduction, climate change adaptation, and where feasible, climate change mitigation.

To ensure that the disaster risk reduction and climate change adaptation measures are appropriate in the light of intensifying hazards, all national government projects should be subjected to multi-scenario, probabilistic analysis. For this purpose, the Climate Change Commission shall extend the necessary technical and capacity building assistance to all agencies of the government in the conduct of risk assessment, as well as adaptation and mitigation planning.

Agencies shall likewise integrate energy-saving solutions and consider climate resilience in the planning and implementation of all infrastructure projects, office programs, and activities, as well as assess their organizational carbon footprint and pursue appropriate emission reduction measure, to mitigate and adapt to the effects of climate change pursuant to the provisions of R.A. No. 9729.

Sec. 38. Climate Budget Tagging. All national government agencies, State Universities and Colleges and Government-Owned and Controlled Corporations shall tag their budgets for climate change adaptation and mitigation in accordance with the DBM-CCC Joint Memorandum Circular 2015-01, and LGUs shall tag their climate budget in their Annual Investment Plans pursuant to DBM-CCC-DILG JMC 2015-01. The results of the budget tagging shall guide the formulation of subsequent budgets to mainstream Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation Strategies in the national and local development process.

Sec. 39. Energy Efficiency. All national government agencies, LGUs, and GOCCs shall embark on energy efficiency measures, including the adoption of a standard thermostat level based on the DOE's energy conservation program, and the use of energy efficient lighting, such as light-emitting diode (LED) lamps, in their office buildings, school buildings, hospitals, markets, parks, street lights and other public places.

Sec. 40. Maintenance and Operation of Dams. As part of the disaster risk reduction program of the government, agencies and GOCCs that have control or supervision over the major dams shall ensure that said dams are properly maintained, managed and operated with updated and promulgated protocols. The agencies and GOCCs concerned shall take into account climate change and extreme weather events and ensure coordination with the Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration on precipitation forecast. They shall also establish and maintain an efficient and effective early flood warning system and functional water level monitoring system that is periodically tested together with the LGUs and communities at risk of flooding from dam water releases.

Sec. 41. Protection of Biodiversity. All agencies of the government shall ensure that protection of biological diversity is integrated and mainstreamed into their development programs and projects.

Sec. 42. **Repair and Retrofitting of Government Structures.** The government agencies concerned shall prioritize the repair and retrofitting of government structures in areas considered highly vulnerable to seismic activity and shall ensure that the retrofitting shall result in structural strength required for the area concerned in accordance with RA. No. 10121 or in accordance with the National Structural Code of the Philippines.

PERSONNEL BENEFITS

Sec. 43. **Employment of Contractual Personnel.** Contractual personnel may be hired by agencies as part of their organization in order to perform agency functions or specific vital activities or services which cannot be provided by the regular or permanent staff of the hiring agency, subject to compliance with the organizational, staffing and compensation standards set by the DBM. The total annual Personnel Services requirement for contractual personnel, to cover salaries, and other personnel benefits and fixed expenditures, shall in no case exceed the lump sum appropriations for the purpose, except when there is an urgent need to hire contractual personnel in the implementation of the priority activities or projects, subject to approval of the DBM. In which case, the payment for contractual personnel shall be sourced from the Miscellaneous Personnel Benefits Fund.

Contractual personnel shall be considered as an employee of the hiring agency but only during the period when their services are reasonably required. Existing contractual employees who are qualified for any vacant position within the agency to which they wish to apply shall be considered in the hiring of permanent employees by the agency.

Sec. 44. **Extraordinary and Miscellaneous Expenses.** Appropriations authorized in this Act may be used for the annual extraordinary expenses of the following officials with the following ranks and their equivalent, as may be determined by the DBM or by the GCG for GOCCs/GFLs covered by R.A. No. 10149, not exceeding the amounts indicated:

- (a) P264,000 for each Department Secretary;
- (b) P108,000 for each Department Undersecretary;
- (c) P60,000 for each Department Assistant Secretary;
- (d) P45,600 for each head of bureau or organization of equivalent rank, and for each head of a Department Regional Office including General Manager of Local Water District in Categories A and B;
- (e) P26,400 for each head of a Bureau Regional Office or organization of equivalent rank including General Manager of Local Water District in Categories C and D; and
- (f) P19,200 for each Municipal Trial Court Judge, Municipal Circuit Trial Court Judge, and Shari'a Circuit Court Judge.

In addition, annual miscellaneous expenses not exceeding Ninety Thousand Pesos (P90,000) for each of the offices under the above named officials and their equivalent are authorized herein.

For the purpose of this Section, extraordinary and miscellaneous expenses include, but not be limited to, expenses incurred for:

- (a) Meetings, seminars and conferences;
- (b) Official entertainment;
- (c) Public relations;
- (d) Educational, athletic and cultural activities;
- (e) Contributions to civic or charitable institutions;
- (f) Membership in government associations;
- (g) Membership in national professional organizations duly accredited by the Professional Regulation Commission;
- (h) Membership in the Integrated Bar of the Philippines;
- (i) Subscription to professional technical journals and informative magazines, library books and materials;
- (j) Office equipment and supplies; and
- (k) Other similar expenses not supported by the regular budget allocation.

In case of deficiency, the requirements for the foregoing purposes shall be charged against available allotments of the agency concerned. No portion of the amounts authorized herein shall be used for the payment of salaries, allowances and other benefits, and confidential and intelligence expenses.

Sec. 45. **Cultural and Athletic Activities.** An amount not exceeding One Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (P1,500) in a year, may be used for the purchase of uniform or costume and other related expenses in the conduct of cultural and athletic activities per employee-participant.

Sec. 46. **Funding of Personnel Benefits.** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, all personnel benefits costs of government personnel shall be chargeable against the funds from which their salaries are paid. If the personnel benefits costs, in whatever form, are partly sourced from the General Fund and partly from other sources, only the portion attributed to the personnel benefits cost chargeable against the General Fund shall be sourced therefrom in the payment of retirement and terminal leave benefits and pension.

In no case shall personnel benefits costs drawn from Special Accounts, Trust Funds or other sources of funds be chargeable against the General Fund of the National Government.

The personnel benefits costs of officials and employees on detail to other offices, including the representatives and support personnel of auditing units assigned to serve other offices or agencies, shall be chargeable against the appropriations of their parent agencies, except as otherwise authorized by the DBM.

Personnel benefits costs shall include salary increases, step increments, all kinds of authorized allowances, benefits and incentives, monetized vacation and sick leave credits, government share in retirement and life insurance premiums, employees compensation insurance premiums, health insurance premiums and Home Development Mutual Fund (HDMF) contributions, and other authorized benefits.

Sec. 47. **Appropriations for Personnel Services.** The appropriations for Personnel Services under this Act shall be used for the payment of personnel benefits authorized by law to be given to National Government personnel. Any available allotment for Personnel Services within a department or agency may be utilized by said department or agency for the payment of deficiencies in authorized personnel benefits, subject to Section 52 hereof on the payment of magna carta benefits.

Implementation of this Section shall be subject to guidelines issued by the DBM.

Sec. 48. **Remittance of Compulsory Contributions.** The government and employee shares in the compulsory contributions to the Employees' Compensation Commission, PhilHealth, GSIS and HDMF pursuant to P.D. No. 626, as amended, R.A. No. 6111, R.A. No. 7875, as amended, R.A. No. 8291, and R.A. No. 9679, respectively, shall be remitted directly by departments, bureaus and offices of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs to the respective recipient agencies unless a different arrangement is agreed upon in writing between the DBM and the recipient agency.

Any proposed increase in government and employee compulsory contributions may only be implemented after consultation by the agency concerned with the DBM in order that the budgetary implications of such proposal be duly considered. The implementation of any increase in government and employee compulsory contributions, after said consultation, shall be made effective only upon inclusion thereof in an appropriations law.

Sec. 49. **Authorized Deductions.** Deductions from salaries and other benefits accruing to any government employee, chargeable against the appropriations for Personnel Services, may be allowed for the payment of an individual employee's contributions or obligations due the following:

- (a) The BIR, PhilHealth, GSIS and HDMF;
- (b) Non-stock savings and loans associations and mutual benefit associations duly operating under existing laws and cooperatives which are managed by and/or for the benefit of government employees;
- (c) Associations or Provident Funds organized and managed by government employees for their benefit and welfare;
- (d) GFLs authorized by law and accredited by appropriate government regulating bodies to engage in lending;
- (e) Licensed insurance companies; and
- (f) Thrift banks or rural banks accredited by the BSP.

Obligations due to the BIR, contributions or obligations due to the PhilHealth, GSIS and HDMF shall be satisfied ahead of all other obligations. The remaining obligations due to other entities listed above shall be satisfied in the order in which they were incurred.

In no case shall the foregoing deductions reduce the employee's monthly net take home pay to an amount lower than Five Thousand Pesos (P5,000).

Sec. 50. **Personnel Economic Relief Allowance.** In order to supplement the salaries of government personnel covered by R.A. No. 6758, as amended, Personnel Economic Relief Allowance (PERA), in the amount of Two Thousand Pesos (P2,000) per month, is granted to the following:

- (a) Civilian government personnel stationed in the Philippines, whether occupying regular, contractual or casual positions, appointive or elective; and
- (b) Military and uniformed personnel.

Government personnel stationed abroad shall be granted overseas allowances to defray the cost of their living expenses and shall no longer be entitled to receive PERA for the duration of their station abroad.

The grant of PERA shall be subject to the rules and regulations prescribed under B.C. No. 2009-3 dated August 18, 2009, as amended, and such other guidelines issued by the DBM.

Sec. 51. Uniform or Clothing Allowance. An amount not exceeding Six Thousand Pesos (P6,000) per year is hereby authorized for the payment of uniform or clothing allowance to each qualified government employee, subject to B.C. No. 2018-1 dated March 8, 2018 and such other guidelines issued by the DBM.

Sec. 52. Magna Carta Benefits. The payment of magna carta benefits of public health workers, school teachers, social workers, scientists, engineers and researchers, and other science and technology personnel in the government shall be subject to the guidelines of the DBM.

Sec. 53. Special Counsel Allowance. Government lawyers assigned in the legal office of the agencies are hereby authorized an allowance of Five Thousand Pesos (P5,000) for each appearance or attendance to court hearings, subject to the following:

- (a) The government lawyer has been deputized by the Office of the Solicitor General (OSG) or authorized by the head of agency to assist the OSG, prosecutors, or represent the agency or its personnel, as the case may be;
- (b) The court appearance is not pursuant to motions for extension or postponement of hearing; and
- (c) The aggregate allowance shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the government lawyer's monthly basic salary.

Court as used in this section shall pertain to those under the Judiciary. In no case shall special counsel allowance be granted to government lawyers appearing before quasi-judicial and administrative agencies.

Sec. 54. Hazard Duty Pay. Hazard duty pay shall be granted only to government personnel who are actually assigned to, and performing their duties in, strife-torn or embattled areas as may be determined and certified by the Secretary of National Defense and for the duration of such assignment.

The grant of hazard duty pay shall be subject to the rules and regulations prescribed under B.C. No. 2005-4 dated July 13, 2005 and such other guidelines issued by the DBM.

Sec. 55. Honoraria. Honoraria may be paid only to the following:

- (a) Teaching personnel of the DepEd, TESDA, SUCs and other educational institutions, engaged in actual classroom teaching, whose teaching load is outside of the regular office hours or in excess of the regular load;
- (b) Those who act as lecturers, resource persons, coordinators and facilitators in seminars, training programs, and other similar activities in training institutions;
- (c) Chairpersons and members of commissions, boards, councils, and other similar entities, including personnel thereof who are not paid salaries nor per diems but compensated in the form of honoraria as provided by laws, rules and regulations;
- (d) Those who are involved in science and technological activities and render services beyond their regular workload;
- (e) Officials and employees assigned to special projects, subject to the following conditions:
 - (i) Said special projects are reform-oriented or developmental, contribute to the improvement of service delivery and enhancement of the performance of the core functions of the agency, and have specific timeframes and deliverables in accomplishing objectives and milestones set by the agency for the year; and
 - (ii) Such assignment entails rendition of work in addition to, or over and above, their regular workload.

In these instances, the rates of honoraria shall depend on the level of responsibilities, nature of work rendered, and extent of individual contribution to produce the desired outputs. The total honoraria received from all special projects shall not exceed twenty five percent (25%) of the annual basic salaries; and

- (f) Officials and employees authorized to received honoraria under R.A. No. 9184 and its IRR.

The grant of honoraria to the foregoing shall be subject to the guidelines prescribed under B.C. No. 2003-5 dated September 26, 2003, as amended by B.C. No. 2007-1 dated April 23, 2007 and W.B.C. No. 2007-510 dated May 8, 2007, B.C. No. 2007-2 dated October 1, 2007, B.C. No. 2004-5A dated October 7, 2005, as amended by B.C. No. 2007-3 dated November 29, 2007, DBM and DOST J.C. No.1 dated June 25, 2013 and such other guidelines issued by the DBM.

Sec. 56. Representation and Transportation Allowances. Government officials with the following ranks and their equivalent, as determined by the DBM or by the GCG for GOCCs/GFIs covered by R. A. No. 10149, while in the actual performance of their respective functions, are hereby authorized monthly commutable representation and transportation allowances at the rates indicated below, for each type of allowance:

- (a) P14,000 for Department Secretaries;
- (b) P11,000 for Department Undersecretaries;

- (c) P10,000 for Department Assistant Secretaries;
- (d) P9,000 for Bureau Directors and Department Regional Directors;
- (e) P8,500 for Assistant Bureau Directors, Department Assistant Regional Directors, Bureau Regional Directors, and Department Service Chiefs;
- (f) P7,500 for Assistant Bureau Regional Directors; and
- (g) P5,000 for Chief of Divisions, identified as such in the Personnel Services Itemization and Plantilla of Personnel.

The grant of representation and transportation allowances, shall be subject to the following:

- (a) Transportation allowance, whether in full or partial amounts, shall not be granted to officials who are assigned or actually using government motor transportation. Officials who are assigned government motor transportation, but are not able to use said vehicle for justifiable reason, as determined by the DBM, may be granted transportation allowance during the said period;
- (b) Representation and transportation allowances of local government officials who are of equivalent rank to the foregoing officials, as determined by the DBM, shall be at the same percentages of the salary rates authorized for their corresponding income classification in accordance with Section 10 of R.A. No. 6758 and subject to the Personnel Services limitations under Section 325(a) of R.A. No. 7160;
- (c) No amount of representation or transportation allowances, whether commutable or reimbursable, which exceed the rates authorized under this Section may be granted to the foregoing officials. Previous administrative authorizations inconsistent with the rates and conditions specified herein shall no longer be valid and payment shall not be allowed; and
- (d) The pertinent provisions of M.B.C. No. 548 and Local Budget Circular No. 103, both dated May 15, 2013, and such other guidelines issued by the DBM.

Sec. 57. **Official Vehicles and Transport.** Government motor transportation may be used by the following officials with costs chargeable to the appropriations authorized for their respective offices:

- (a) The President of the Philippines;
- (b) The Vice-President;
- (c) The President of the Senate;
- (d) The Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- (e) The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court;
- (f) The Presiding Justices of the Court of Appeals, Court of Tax Appeals, and the Sandiganbayan;
- (g) The Department Secretaries, Undersecretaries, Assistant Secretaries and officials of equivalent rank;
- (h) Ambassadors, Ministers Plenipotentiary and Consuls in charge of consulates, in their respective stations abroad;
- (i) The Chief of Staff, the Vice-Chief of Staff, and the Commanding Generals of the Major Services of the AFP;
- (j) Heads of Constitutional Commissions and the Ombudsman;
- (k) Bureau Directors, Department Regional Directors and Bureau Regional Directors; and
- (l) Those who may be specifically authorized by the President of the Philippines, with respect to the Executive, the Senate President, with respect to the Senate, the Speaker, with respect to the House of Representatives, and the Chief Justice, in the case of the Judiciary.

Sec. 58. **Quarters Privileges.** Officials who are transferred from one station to another by virtue of agency policies on reshuffling or rotation of personnel and do not own houses or rooms therein, shall be provided free quarters within their office premises.

Where there are no available quarters, the agency may rent rooms which shall serve as quarters for said officials, subject to the rules and regulations prescribed under M.B.C. No. 571 dated December 4, 2017. For those who opt for more expensive quarters other than those rented by their agencies, such preferred quarters may be secured provided that the difference in amount between the one preferred by the officials and that rented by their respective agencies shall be paid by the officials concerned.

Government personnel who are not entitled to quarters privileges but are allowed to use government quarters shall be charged the corresponding cost of rentals subject to guidelines as may be issued by the DBM.

Sec. 59. **Mid-year Bonus.** The Mid-year Bonus equivalent to one (1) month basic salary, shall be granted to all National Government personnel, whether under regular, temporary, casual or contractual status, on full-time or part-time basis, subject to the following:

- (a) Personnel have rendered at least a total or an aggregate of four (4) months of service from July 1 of the immediately preceding year to May 15 of the current year and who are still in the government service as of May 15 of the current year;
- (b) Personnel have obtained at least a satisfactory performance rating in the immediately preceding rating period; and

- (c) The provisions of R.A. No. 11466 dated January 8, 2020, B.C. No. 2017-2 dated May 8, 2017, and such other guidelines issued by the DBM.

Personnel of GOCCs covered by the Compensation and Position Classification System (CPCS) under R.A. No. 6758, as amended and LGUs are likewise entitled to Mid-year Bonus chargeable against their respective corporate and local funds.

Sec. 60. Year-end Bonus and Cash Gift. The Year-end Bonus equivalent to one (1) month basic salary and additional cash gift of Five Thousand Pesos (P5,000) provided under R.A. No. 6686, as amended by R.A. No. 8441, shall be granted to all National Government personnel, whether under regular, temporary, casual or contractual status, on full-time or part-time basis, subject to the following:

- (a) At least a total of four (4) months of service including leaves of absence with pay from January 1 to October 31 have been rendered during the current year, and who are still in the service by October 31 of the same year;
- (b) Those who have rendered at least a total or an aggregate of four (4) months of service from January 1 of the current year but who have retired or separated from government service before October 31 of the same year shall be granted within the month of retirement or separation, a prorated share of the Year-end Bonus based on the monthly basic pay immediately preceding the date of retirement or separation and a Cash Gift of P5,000; and
- (c) The provisions of B.C. No. 2016-4 dated April 28, 2016 and such other guidelines issued by the DBM.

Personnel of GOCCs covered by the CPCS under R.A. No. 6758, as amended and LGUs are likewise entitled to Year-end Bonus and Cash Gift chargeable against their respective corporate and local funds.

Such Year-end Bonus and Cash Gift shall be given in November of each year pursuant to R.A. No. 11466.

Sec. 61. Use of Appropriations for Retirement Gratuity and Terminal Leave. Appropriations authorized in this Act to cover the payment of retirement benefits shall be released directly to the agencies concerned computed based on the provisions of, and subject to the conditions prescribed in, applicable retirement laws, rules and regulations.

Unless authorized by law and duly covered by guidelines issued by the DBM, public funds shall not be used for the payment of salary increases or adjustments resulting from automatic promotions with the intent of increasing the retirement and terminal leave benefits of government personnel as provided in CSC-DBM J.C. No. 3 dated November 8, 1991.

The payment of any unauthorized retirement benefits shall be null and void and shall accordingly be refunded by the beneficiary-employee. The officials and employees who authorized, allowed, or connived with others in the payment of any unauthorized retirement benefits shall be subject to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing penal laws.

RELEASE AND USE OF FUNDS

Sec. 62. Cash Budgeting System. All appropriations authorized in this Act, including budgetary support to GOCCs, shall be available for release and disbursement for the purpose specified, and under the same general and special provisions applicable thereto, until December 31, 2021. While the amount appropriated herein as National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Fund for calamities, epidemics as declared by the DOH, crises resulting from armed conflicts, insurgency, terrorism, and other catastrophes occurring in 2021 and financial assistance to LGUs released during the fiscal year shall be available for obligation and disbursement for the purpose specified until December 31, 2022. On the other hand, appropriations for the statutory shares of LGUs shall be available for obligation and disbursement until fully expended.

After the end of validity period, all unreleased appropriations shall lapse, while unexpended or undisbursed funds shall revert to the unappropriated surplus of the General Fund in accordance with Section 28, Chapter 4, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and shall not thereafter be available for expenditure except by subsequent legislative enactment. Departments, bureaus and offices of the National Government, including constitutional offices enjoying fiscal autonomy, SUCs and GOCCs, shall strictly observe the validity of appropriations and the reversion of funds.

For FY 2021, the appropriations for infrastructure capital outlays, including those subsidy releases to GOCCs for infrastructure projects, shall be valid for obligation until December 31, 2021, while the completion of construction, inspection, and payment shall be made not later than June 30, 2022. On the other hand, appropriations for MOOE and other capital outlays item shall likewise be valid for obligation until December 31, 2021, while the delivery, inspection and payment shall be made not later than March 31, 2022.

The DBM is authorized to issue the necessary guidelines for the effective implementation of the cash budgeting system.

A report on these releases and disbursements shall be submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance, either in printed form or by way of electronic document. (CONDITIONAL IMPLEMENTATION - President's Veto Message, December 28, 2020, Volume I-B, page 848, R.A. No. 11518)

Sec. 63. **Prohibition Against Impoundment of Appropriations.** No appropriations authorized under this Act shall be impounded, unless in accordance with the rules and regulations issued by the DBM and when there is unmanageable National Government budget deficit as determined by the Development Budget Coordination Committee (DBCC) and approved by the President.

Unmanageable National Government budget deficit as used in this section shall be construed to mean that: (i) the actual National Government budget deficit has exceeded the quarterly budget deficit targets consistent with the full-year target deficit as indicated in the BESF submitted by the President and approved by Congress pursuant to Section 22, Article VII of the Constitution; or (ii) there are clear economic indications of an impending occurrence of such condition.

Sec. 64. **Prohibition Against Retention or Deduction of Funds.** Fund releases from appropriations provided in this Act shall be transmitted to the agency concerned, subject to Section 3 hereof, applicable special and general provisions, and budgeting rules and regulations. No retention or deduction as reserves or overhead shall be made, except as authorized by law, the general or special provisions in this Act.

Sec. 65. **Direct Release of Funds to Regional Offices and Operating Units.** Funds appropriated in this Act shall be released directly to the Regional Offices (ROs) and Operating Units (OUs) of agencies where funds are specifically appropriated to the ROs and OUs of agencies, except as otherwise requested by the agencies to the DBM.

The DBM shall furnish copies of fund releases to ROs and OUs to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance, either in printed form or by way of electronic document.

Sec. 66. **Lump-Sum Appropriations.** Release of lump-sum appropriations shall be made upon compliance with the requirements under the applicable general and/or special provisions and submission by the agency concerned of a Special Budget pursuant to Section 35, Chapter 5, Book VI of E.O. No. 292, copy furnished the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance. The Special Budget shall include the complete details of the activities or projects covering the lump-sum appropriations with the corresponding cost up to the lowest level i.e., provincial, city or municipal level, as the case may be.

Sec. 67. **Fund Transfers to Civil Society Organizations.** A government agency may transfer public funds to a Civil Society Organization (CSO) only if all of the following conditions are present:

- (a) The CSO is either:
 - (i) implementing a government program or project jointly with the government agency; or
 - (ii) a beneficiary of a government program or project.
- (b) There is a specific appropriation in the GAA or some other appropriation law for such government program or project.
- (c) The government agency has accredited the CSO in accordance with its guidelines. The guidelines shall include, as a minimum, the following requirements:
 - (i) The presence of the CSO in its stated address and area of operation has been validated;
 - (ii) The CSO has an identified membership and leadership and defined organizational structure;
 - (iii) The CSO is in good standing with all government agencies from which the CSO has received public funds;
 - (iv) The CSO is not in default or in delay in liquidating any public funds received from any government agency;
 - (v) For implementing CSOs, the CSO must have a proven track record and good standing in undertaking civil society works; the CSO must not have any director, trustee, officer or key personnel related within the fourth civil degree of consanguinity or affinity to any official involved in the processing of its accreditation, or any official of the government agency funding or implementing the program or project to be implemented by the CSO; and the CSO must have proven legal existence; and
 - (vi) For beneficiary CSOs, the CSO must have the appropriate social preparation from the government agency providing the grant of financial assistance.

In case of a cooperative who wishes to become a CSO partner, the submission of certificate of registration and certificate of compliance as issued by the Cooperative Development Authority specifically for that purpose including meeting the minimum requirements as stated herein shall be sufficient for it to qualify as a CSO partner.

Government agencies shall post the lists of their accredited CSOs in their respective websites, and shall update such lists quarterly.

- (d) The CSO has liquidated in accordance with existing COA regulations all fund transfers due for liquidation. Only CSOs with proven absorptive capacity and good track records to implement several projects at the same time shall be considered as implementing CSO of multiple projects.
- (e) The CSO was selected by the government agency in accordance with R.A. No. 9184 and such other applicable rules and regulations.

To ensure the CSOs comply with all pertinent rules and regulations covering the transfer, use, liquidation and audit of public funds, government agencies shall put into place the needed monitoring, evaluation and reporting mechanisms. Government agencies shall remain accountable for funds transferred to CSOs in accordance with government accounting and auditing rules and regulations.

Government agencies shall submit to the DBM, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance, either in printed form or by way of electronic document, quarterly reports on funds transferred and the government programs or projects involved. The Chairperson of the respective government agencies and their web administrator or his/her equivalent shall be responsible for ensuring that said quarterly reports are likewise posted on their websites.

Sec. 68. Authority to Use Savings. The President of the Philippines, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Heads of the Civil Service Commission, the Commission on Elections, and the COA are hereby authorized to declare and use savings in their respective appropriations to augment actual deficiencies incurred for the current year in any item of their respective appropriations.

The foregoing constitutional officers authorized to use savings shall be responsible for ensuring that a semestral and annual report on their respective use of savings shall be submitted to the President of the Senate of the Philippines and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, copy furnished the DBM. The report shall indicate among others, the amount of savings generated, the sources and grounds used therefor, and the existing P/A/P in their respective appropriations augmented. They shall likewise ensure that said reports are posted on their respective websites.

Sec. 69. Meaning of Savings. Savings refer to portions or balances of any released appropriations in this Act which have not been obligated as a result of any of the following:

- (a) completion, final discontinuance, or abandonment of a program, activity or project for which the appropriation is authorized; or
- (b) implementation of measures resulting in improved systems and efficiencies and thus enabled an agency to meet and deliver the required or planned targets, programs and services approved in this Act at a lesser cost.

In case final discontinuance or abandonment is used as basis for declaration of savings, such discontinued or abandoned program, activity or project shall no longer be proposed for funding in the next two (2) fiscal years.

Allotments that were not obligated due to the fault of the agency concerned shall not be considered savings.

Sec. 70. Rules on Augmentation. Augmentation is the act of the constitutional officers authorized to use savings in their respective appropriations to cover a deficiency in any existing item of appropriation within their respective offices. A deficiency in an item of appropriation may result from:

- (a) Unforeseen modifications or adjustments in the program, activity or project; or
- (b) Re-assessment in the use, prioritization and/or distribution of resources.
- (c) Additional requirements for a program, activity or project in view of a declaration of a state of national calamity.

An item of appropriation shall pertain to the amount appropriated for an activity or project authorized in this Act.

The particulars of the expenditures to be funded from savings should be within the scope of, or covered by an existing activity or project. The existence of an activity or project regardless of the availability of allotment class/es is sufficient for the purpose of augmentation.

In no case shall a non-existent activity or project be funded by augmentation from savings or by the use of an appropriations authorized in this Act.

Sec. 71. **Priority in the Use of Savings.** In the use of savings, priority shall be given to the payment of compensation, year-end bonus and cash gift, retirement gratuity, terminal leave benefits, old-age pension of veterans and other personnel benefits authorized by law and in this Act, as well as the implementation of priority project or activity covered in this Act.

Sec. 72. **Rules on Modification in the Allotment.** As a general rule, departments, bureaus and offices of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs shall spend what is programmed in their respective appropriations in this Act. In exceptional circumstances, agencies may modify the allotment issued within an activity or project subject to approval of the following ensued by the timely submission of reports by all offices concerned:

- (a) The heads of agencies, for the following: (i) change in the details of an activity or project without changing its nature and within the same operating unit; and (ii) change in the object of expenditure (Travelling Expenses, or Investment Outlays) within an allotment class (MOOE or Capital Outlays);
- (b) The DBM, in the following modifications: (i) from one allotment class to another; (ii) from one operating unit to another; (iii) within a special purpose fund; and (iv) for the payment of Magna Carta benefits authorized under Section 52 hereof; and
- (c) The President of the Philippines, for the payment of intelligence funds within the Executive branch.

All modification in the allotment shall not entail any increase in the total amount appropriated for an activity or project.

Sec. 73. **Rules in the Grant of Collective Negotiation Agreement Incentive.** Departments, bureaus, and offices of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs may grant Collective Negotiation Agreement (CNA) Incentive sourced from the allowable MOOE allotments identified by the DBM, subject to the following:

- (a) There is a valid CNA executed between the agency and the recognized employee organization which includes a provision on cost-cutting measures to be undertaken collectively by the agency and its personnel;
- (b) The one-time annual payment of CNA Incentive shall be made through a written resolution signed by agency representatives from both labor and management, and approved by the agency head;
- (c) The CNA Incentive that may be granted shall be limited to the amount determined by the DBM; and
- (d) The use of MOOE for the payment of CNA Incentive shall be subject to approval by the agency head and made only during the validity of appropriations. Any excess amounts therefrom after payment of the CNA Incentive shall revert to the General Fund.

GOCs and LGUs may likewise grant CNA Incentive to their respective personnel, subject to the policies, rules and regulations issued by the DBM.

Sec. 74. **Mandatory Expenditures.** The amounts programmed for petroleum, oil and lubricants, water, illumination and power services, telephone and other communication services, and rental expenses shall be disbursed exclusively for such items of expenditures. Any available allotment from these items after taking into consideration the agency's full year requirements may be modified only in the last quarter and subject to the provisions of Section 72 hereof.

Disbursements or expenditures of agencies in violation of this Section shall be void, and shall subject the erring officials and employees to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing penal laws.

Sec. 75. **Expenditures for Business-type Activities.** Funds for the procurement of supplies and materials intended to be utilized in the conduct of business-type activities shall be disbursed exclusively for such business-type activity. In no case shall said appropriations be used for any other purpose.

Disbursements or expenditures by agencies in violation of this Section shall be void, and shall subject the erring officials and employees to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292 and to appropriate criminal action under existing penal laws.

Sec. 76. **Intelligence Funds.** No appropriations authorized in this Act as intelligence fund shall be released or disbursed for intelligence activities, including amounts sourced from savings, unless approved by the President of the Philippines.

The use of savings to augment intelligence funds is subject to prior approval of the President of the Philippines, upon joint recommendation by the Secretary of National Defense and the Secretary of Budget and Management.

Intelligence expenses refer to those related to intelligence information gathering activities of uniformed and military personnel, and intelligence practitioners that have direct impact to national security.

Agencies utilizing intelligence funds shall submit to the President of the Philippines, ~~[the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate of the Philippines]~~ a quarterly report on the accomplishments in the use of said funds.]
(DIRECT VETO-President's Veto Message, December 28, 2020, Volume 1-B, page 844, R.A. No. 11518)

Implementation of this Section shall be subject to COA-DBM-DILG-GCG-DND J.C. No. 2015-01 dated January 8, 2015 and such other guidelines issued thereon.

Sec. 77. Confidential Funds. Confidential funds authorized in this Act shall be released or disbursed only upon approval of the Department Secretary concerned.

Confidential expenses refer to those related to surveillance activities in civilian government agencies that are intended to support the mandate or operations of the agency.

Agencies utilizing confidential funds shall submit to the President of the Philippines, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate of the Philippines a quarterly report on the accomplishments in the use of said funds.

Implementation of this Section shall be subject to COA-DBM-DILG-GCG-DND J.C. No. 2015-01 dated January 8, 2015 and such other guidelines issued thereon.

Sec. 78. Limitations on Cash Advance and Reportorial Requirements. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, cash advances shall not be granted until such time that the earlier cash advances availed of by the officials or employees concerned shall have been liquidated in accordance with accounting and auditing rules and regulations.

For this purpose, the head of the agency and the COA auditor shall be jointly responsible for the preparation and submission to the House Committee on Appropriations and Senate Committee on Finance, either in printed form or by way of electronic document, the Annual Report on Cash Advances indicating the names of the recipients, the items of expenditures for which said cash advances were disbursed, and the dates of liquidation as reflected in the Agency Books of Accounts.

Sec. 79. Use of Funds for Foreign-Assisted Projects. The amounts appropriated in this Act for the implementation of foreign-assisted projects, composed of loan proceeds and peso counterpart components shall be utilized in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed under DBM-COA-DOF J.C. No. 2-97 dated March 31, 1997 and such other guidelines that may be issued thereon.

Sec. 80. Disbursement of Funds. Public funds for obligations incurred with proper authorization shall be disbursed only through the BTr or authorized government servicing banks under the Modified Disbursement System, subject to guidelines issued thereon.

Sec. 81. Incurrence or Payment of Unauthorized or Unlawful Obligation or Expenditure. Disbursements or expenditures incurred in violation of existing laws, rules and regulations shall be rendered void. Any and all public officials or employees who will authorize, allow or permit, as well as those who are negligent in the performance of their duties and functions which resulted in the incurrence or payment of unauthorized and unlawful obligation or expenditure shall be, personally liable to the government for the full amount committed or expended and, subject to disciplinary actions in accordance with Section 43, Chapter 5 and Section 80, Chapter 7, Book VI of E.O. No. 292.

Sec. 82. Prohibition on the Attachment of the Name, Image, and Likeness of Public Officials on Government Projects. Subject to guidelines to be issued by the DBM, it shall be prohibited to affix, or cause to be affixed, the name, visage, appearance, logo, signature, or other analogous image of any public official, whether elected or appointed, on all programs, activities, projects (PAPs) or corresponding signage which are funded in this Act.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

Sec. 83. Institutional Strengthening and Productivity Improvement in Agency Organization and Operations. Heads of departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities under the Executive branch shall adopt institutional strengthening measures to enhance productivity and improve service delivery. For this purpose, they shall: (i) conduct a comprehensive review of their respective mandates, missions, objectives and functions, systems and procedures, and programs, activities and projects; and (ii) identify areas where improvements are necessary and more resources need to be rechanneled.

In pursuit of said institutional strengthening efforts, the DBM, in consultation with the agencies, shall determine the functions, programs, activities and projects that could be strengthened, scaled down, phased out or abolished and recommend the corresponding structural, functional and operational adjustments to streamline the organization and operations of the agency and improve its performance and productivity.

Accordingly, the DBM may recommend the: (i) creation, abolition, renaming, consolidation or merger of bureaus, offices and units; or (ii) creation, abolition, reclassification, conversion or transfer of existing positions, from one unit to another.

The President of the Philippines or the DBM, as the case may be, is authorized to approve the organizational and staffing modifications needed in streamlining and improving productivity in agency organization and operations, in accordance with the first paragraph of Section 85 hereof.

Sec. 84. Data Privacy Protection. All agencies of the government shall ensure personal data protection and privacy in its data processing activities, implement the applicable provisions of R.A. No. 10173 or the "Data Privacy Act of 2012" and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, and shall be guided by circulars and advisories issued by the National Privacy Commission (NPC). Agencies shall designate a Data Protection Officer (DPO) with a rank of at least Assistant Secretary or Executive Director; conduct data privacy risk and impact assessments; formulate a Privacy Management Program (PMP); implement organizational technical and physical measures and projects to protect personal data; and conduct breach drill within their agencies.

Sec. 85. Organizational Structure and Staffing Pattern Changes. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary and within the limits of the appropriations authorized in this Act, the President of the Philippines is authorized to create new offices and modify the existing organizational structure of the agencies in the Executive branch, as well as create new positions or modify existing ones whenever public interest so requires.

The DBM may approve minor changes in the organizational structure and staffing pattern of agencies, and create positions up to a division chief and equivalent level under the Executive branch. It may likewise determine the organizational structure and provide positions in the organizational units of agencies or offices created or reorganized pursuant to law.

Sec. 86. Foreign Travel of Government Officials. In order to ensure that the delivery of services and the operations of the agency is not hampered, all personal and official foreign travels of Department Secretaries or those of equivalent in rank in the Executive Department, Chairpersons and Members of Governing Boards and Chief Executive Officers of GOCCs and GFIs under or attached to the Office of the President (OP), as well as the heads of National Government Agencies under or attached thereto, shall require clearance from the OP prior to foreign travel, pursuant to Section 10 of E.O. No. 77, s. 2019.

Sec. 87. Allocation for Reorganized Departments, Bureaus and Offices of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying Fiscal Autonomy and State Universities and Colleges. The amount appropriated in this Act for departments, bureaus and offices of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs, which were reorganized during the immediately preceding fiscal year and the current year, shall be released to the successor agency subject to any transitory provision in the issuance authorizing its reorganization.

Sec. 88. Internal Revenue Allotment of Local Government Units. The IRA, which is automatically appropriated, shall be apportioned among LGUs, including provinces, cities, and municipalities created, approved, and ratified in FY 2020 in accordance with the allocation formula prescribed under Section 285 of R.A. No. 7160, taking into consideration the following:

- (a) The land area shall be based on the FY 2001 Land Management Bureau (LMB) certified Masterlist of Land Area unless the latest LMB certified Masterlist of Land Area has been validated by the DILG, NAMRIA and representatives of the Leagues of Provinces, Cities and Municipalities, and endorsed by the Secretary of DENR and the Chief Minister of the BARMM to DBM on or before December 31, 2020; and
- (b) The population shall be based on the FY 2015 Census of Population by Province, City, Municipality and Barangay, as approved under Presidential Proclamation No. 1269 dated May 19, 2016.

All valid adjustments, changes, modifications, or alterations in any of the factors affecting the computation of IRA that occurred or happened, including final and executory court decisions made effective during the current fiscal year, shall only be considered and implemented by the DBM in the subsequent fiscal year from receipt by the DBM of the notice of said change.

LGUs shall include in their budgets income from both local and external sources, including the amount of their IRA, based on the allocation by the DBM, and receipts from borrowings, which shall be approved by their respective sanggunian.

Enforcement of the Personnel Services limitations under Sections 325(a) and 331(b) of R.A. No. 7160 shall be waived to enable LGUs to: (i) absorb the cost of hospital services transferred from provinces to newly created cities; (ii) pay the CNA incentives of their employees upon compliance with the rules and regulations issued by the DBM; (iii) pay the retirement and terminal leave benefits, including the monetization of leave credits of their employees; (iv) pay the minimum year-end bonus of One Thousand Pesos (P1,000) for the punong barangay and Six Hundred Pesos (P600) for other mandatory barangay officials, and their cash gifts; (v) pay the salaries and benefits of health/medical personnel that may be hired to perform functions during a state of national emergency or calamity; and (vi) pay the special benefits that may be authorized to be granted to LGU personnel during a state of national emergency or calamity.

The IRA, and all LGU shares appropriated herein, shall be directly released by the BTr to the LGU beneficiaries through authorized government servicing banks.

Sec. 89. **Implementation of Nationally Funded Projects.** Pursuant to Section 17(c) of R.A. No. 7160, the National Government Agencies, such as DPWH, DA, NIA, DOH, DSWD, DepEd, DENR, DILG, and DOTr, may designate LGUs as implementing agencies for public works and infrastructure projects and other programs, services and facilities, including the construction of local roads and facilities appropriated in this Act, subject to the following:

- (a) The LGU has the capability to implement the foregoing by administration or contract and in accordance with the design, plan, specifications, and such other standards and policies of the National Government;
- (b) The LGU-recipient of nationally funded public works and infrastructure projects and other programs, services and facilities shall commit to fund the cost of maintenance and repairs thereof; and
- (c) The amounts appropriated to LGUs shall be released during the fiscal year to be deposited in a trust fund and shall be made available for disbursement for the purpose specified until December 31, 2022.

After the end of validity period, any unreleased appropriations shall lapse, while undisbursed funds shall revert to the unappropriated surplus of the General Fund in accordance with Section 28, Chapter 4, Book VI of E.O. No. 292.

The LGU shall submit quarterly reports on fund utilization and accomplishments through other electronic means and LGU's website.

The LGU shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 90. **Submission of Annual Reports and Audited Financial Statements on Accounts Deposited Outside of the National Treasury.** All departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs authorized by law to retain or use income and deposit the same outside of the National Treasury shall submit their respective audited financial statements, annual reports and narrative report stating therein a detailed description of the utilization of funds through the following:

- (a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- (b) Agency's website.

The statement and report shall include the beginning balance, income collected and its sources, expenditures, and ending balance for the preceding fiscal year.

The agency shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 91. **Report on Commission on Audit Findings and Recommendation.** Within sixty (60) days from receipt of the COA Annual Audit Report, agencies concerned shall submit to the COA, either in printed form or by way of electronic document, a status report on the actions taken on said audit findings and recommendations using the prescribed form under COA Memorandum No. 2014-002 dated March 18, 2014. They shall likewise furnish the DBM, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance, either in printed form or by way of electronic document, a copy of said reports.

The head of agency concerned and the agency's web administrator or his/her equivalent shall be responsible for ensuring that said status reports are posted on the agency's website.

Sec. 92. **Financial Reports.** Departments, bureaus, offices and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs, shall submit the monthly report on appropriations, allotments, obligations and disbursements of current appropriations, as well as the monthly report of disbursement, on or before the tenth (10th) day of the month immediately following the covered period, through the following:

- (a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- (b) Agency's website.

The agency shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

Sec. 93. **Quarterly Financial and Physical Reports.** Departments, bureaus, offices and instrumentalities of the National Government, including Constitutional Offices enjoying fiscal autonomy and SUCs, shall submit quarterly reports on its financial and physical accomplishments, within thirty (30) days after the end of each quarter, through the following:

- (a) URS or other electronic means for reports not covered by the URS until such time that all agencies have fully migrated to the BTMS; and
- (b) Agency's website.

The agency shall send written notice when said reports have been submitted or posted on its website to the DBM, House of Representatives, Senate of the Philippines, House Committee on Appropriations, Senate Committee on Finance, COA, and other offices where the submission of reports is required under existing laws, rules and regulations. The date of notice to said agencies shall be considered the date of compliance with this requirement.

The DBM shall likewise submit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance, either in printed form or by way of electronic document, quarterly reports on releases from, obligations incurred, liquidated and unliquidated obligations, total disbursements and balances of, Special Purpose Funds, Supplemental Appropriations, Continuing Appropriations and Automatic Appropriations as well as modification of funds approved by it pursuant to the General Provisions in this Act.

Failure to comply with any of the foregoing shall result in the automatic suspension of the salaries of the responsible official or employee until they have complied with the above requirements pursuant to Section 57, Chapter 6, Book VI of E.O. No. 292.

Repeated failure or refusal of said official or employee to submit the above reports without any justifiable cause may be a ground for administrative disciplinary action, subject to pertinent civil service rules and regulations. The head of agency shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with this penalty provision.

Sec. 94. **Submission of Post FY 2021 Budget Status.** The DBM shall submit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate of the Philippines, the House Committee on Appropriations and the Senate Committee on Finance a post FY 2021 budget status report not later than May 31, 2022. The report shall indicate a brief accomplishment on all programs, activities, and projects of agencies of the government as reflected in this Act and including specific activities or projects funded from lump-sum appropriations and special purpose funds.

The DBM shall post the said report on its website. The heads of the agencies and the agencies' web administrators or their equivalent shall be responsible for ensuring that the portion of the status report pertinent to them are likewise posted on their respective websites.

Sec. 95. **Transparency in Infrastructure Projects.** All agencies of the government shall post the following on their respective websites, within the period indicated:

- (a) The project title, location and detailed description; detailed estimates in arriving at the Approved Budget for the Contract; winning contractor and the detailed estimates of the bid as awarded; source of fund; implementing office, responsible official and their contact details; and start of construction date and target date of completion, within thirty (30) calendar days from entering into contract;
- (b) Quarterly status update, including geo-tagged photos, of the project, and in case of delay, state the reason/s; and
- (c) The detailed actual cost of the project; and variation orders issued, if any, within thirty (30) calendar days from the issuance of a certificate of completion.

The heads of the agencies and web administrators or their equivalent shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with this Section.

Sec. 96. **Transparency Seal.** To enhance transparency and enforce accountability, all agencies of the government shall maintain a Transparency Seal to be posted on their websites. The Transparency Seal shall contain the following: (i) the agency's mandates and functions, names of its officials with their position and designation, and contact information; (ii) approved budgets and corresponding targets, immediately upon approval of this Act; (iii) modifications made pursuant to the general and special provisions in this Act; (iv) annual procurement plan/s and contracts awarded with the winning supplier, contractor or consultant; (v) major activities or projects categorized in accordance with the 0+10 point socioeconomic agenda and their target beneficiaries; (vi) status of implementation, evaluation or assessment reports of said programs or projects; (vii) Budget and Financial Accountability Reports; (viii) People's Freedom to Information (FOI) Manual signed by head of agency, Agency Information Inventory, 2019 and 2020 FOI Summary Report, and 2019 and 2020 FOI Registry; and (ix) annual reports on the status of income authorized by law to be retained or used and be deposited outside of the National Treasury, which shall include the legal basis for its retention or use, the beginning balance, income collected and its sources, expenditures, and ending balance for the preceding fiscal year.

The heads of the agencies and their web administrators or their equivalent shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with this Section.

The DBM shall post on its website the status of compliance by all agencies of the government.

Sec. 97. **People's Feedback Mechanism.** Subject to the guidelines to be issued by the Department of Information and Communications Technology, all government agencies shall provide, through their respective websites, means for Filipinos to provide feedback on the programs, activities and projects funded under this Act and how they may be revised and/or improved, which shall be responded to within fifteen (15) working days from receipt thereof, as provided in Section 5(c) of R.A. No. 6713 and Annex C of ICTO Memorandum Circular No. 2015-001.

Sec. 98. **Joint Congressional Oversight Committee on Public Expenditures.** The Senate and the House of Representatives shall constitute a Joint Congressional Oversight Committee on Public Expenditures which shall primarily monitor compliance by agencies with the requirements or conditions in the utilization of public funds under this Act and pertinent laws.

The Joint Congressional Oversight Committee shall be co-chaired by the Chairperson of the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the Chairperson of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each designate seven (7) Senators and seven (7) Members of the House of Representatives, respectively, as members of the Joint Congressional Oversight Committee. The minority group in the Senate and the House of Representatives shall each have at least one (1) seat in the Joint Congressional Oversight Committee.


The Joint Congressional Oversight Committee on Public Expenditures shall not intervene, participate, or undertake any role or function in any of the various post-enactment stages of the budget execution, such as, but not limited to, project identification or modification, fund releases, and other activities beyond its congressional oversight functions as defined under applicable laws or jurisprudence.

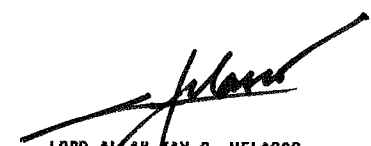
Sec. 99. **Exemption from Garnishment, Levy and Execution.** Any court, agency or office is hereby cautioned from garnishing or subjecting to levy and execution all public funds, especially the amounts appropriated under this Act.

Sec. 100. **Separability Clause.** If for any reason, any section or provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, other sections or provisions which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.


Sec. 101. **Effectivity.** The provisions of this Act, detailed in Volume Nos. I-A, I-B, I-C and II shall take effect on January One, Two Thousand and Twenty One, unless otherwise provided herein.

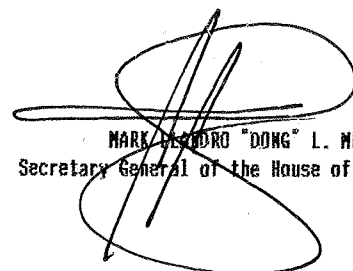
Approved,


VICENTE C. SOTTO III
President of the Senate


LORD ALLAN DAY Q. VELASCO
Speaker of the House of Representatives

This Act which originated from the House of Representatives was passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate of the Philippines on December 9, 2020.


MYRA MARIE D. VILLARICA
Secretary of the Senate


MARK DANDORO "DONG" L. MENDOZA
Secretary General of the House of Representatives


RODRIGO ROA DUTERTE
President of the Philippines

DEC 28 2020

